

Table with 3 columns: Site Name, Operator, Commodity. Lists various mines and their associated operators and products, categorized by Metal Mines and Industrial Mineral Mines.

Table with 3 columns: Site Name, Operator, Commodity. Lists gemstone mines and their associated operators and products.

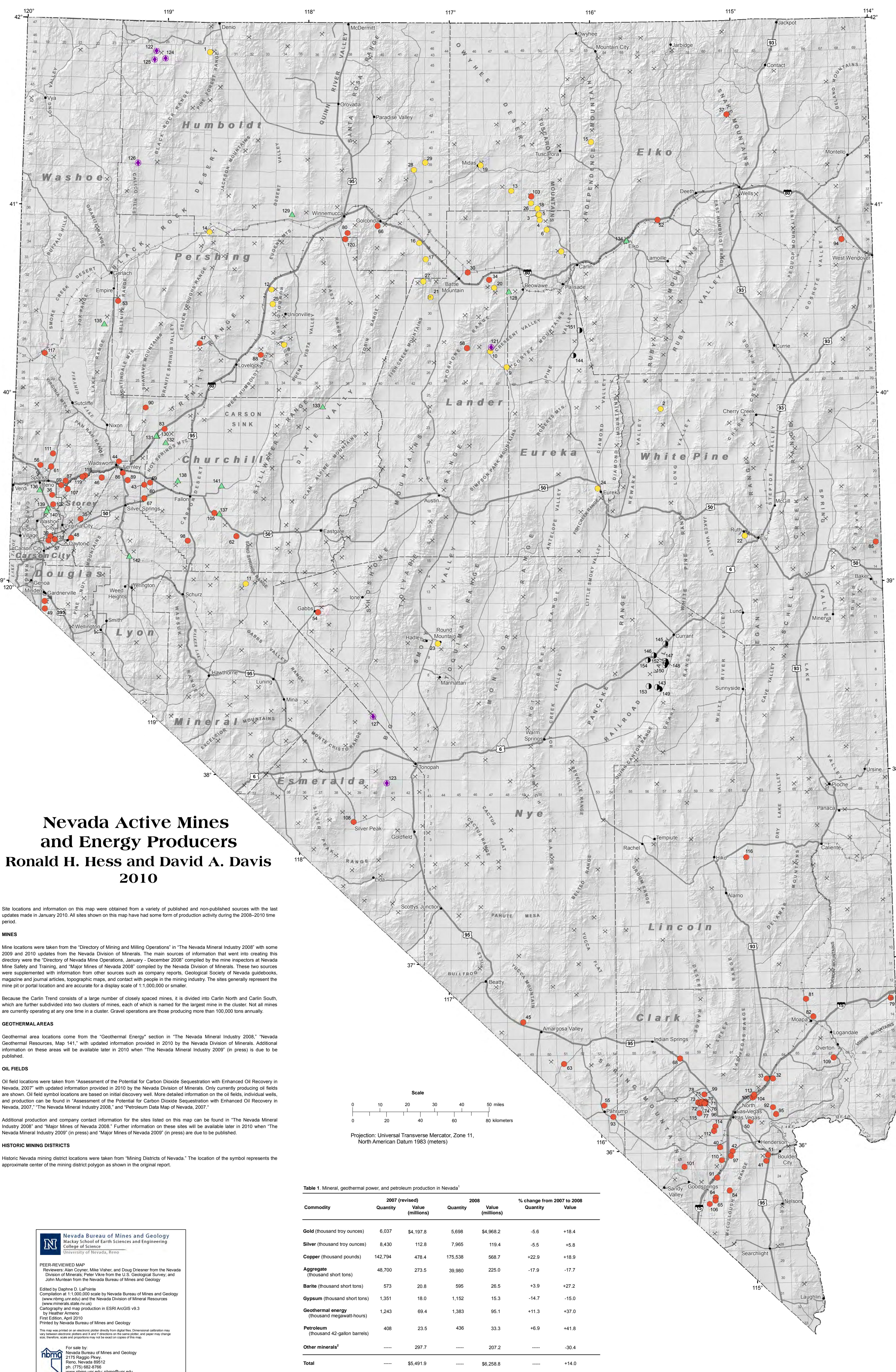
Table with 3 columns: Site Name, Operator, Commodity. Lists geothermal areas and their associated operators and products.

Table with 3 columns: Site Name, Operator, Commodity. Lists oil fields and their associated operators and products.

Table with 2 columns: Historic Mining Districts, Township and Range Grid. Shows the location of mining districts relative to townships and ranges.

References and additional information sources. Lists various reports and publications related to Nevada's mining industry.

Additional information on oil and gas development in Nevada can be found online at http://www.nrbg.unr.edu/institutes/oil/well.htm



Nevada Active Mines and Energy Producers

Ronald H. Hess and David A. Davis 2010

Site locations and information on this map were obtained from a variety of published and non-published sources with the last updates made in January 2010. All sites shown on this map have had some form of production activity during the 2008-2010 time period.

MINES
Mine locations were taken from the "Directory of Mining and Milling Operations" in "The Nevada Mineral Industry 2008" with some 2009 and 2010 updates from the Nevada Division of Minerals. The main sources of information that went into creating this directory were the "Directory of Nevada Mine Operations, January - December 2008" compiled by the mine inspectors at Nevada Mine Safety and Training, and "Major Mines of Nevada 2008" compiled by the Nevada Division of Minerals. These two sources were supplemented with information from other sources such as company reports, Geological Society of Nevada guidebooks, magazine and journal articles, topographic maps, and contact with people in the mining industry. The sites generally represent the mine pit or portal location and are accurate for a display scale of 1:1,000,000 or smaller.

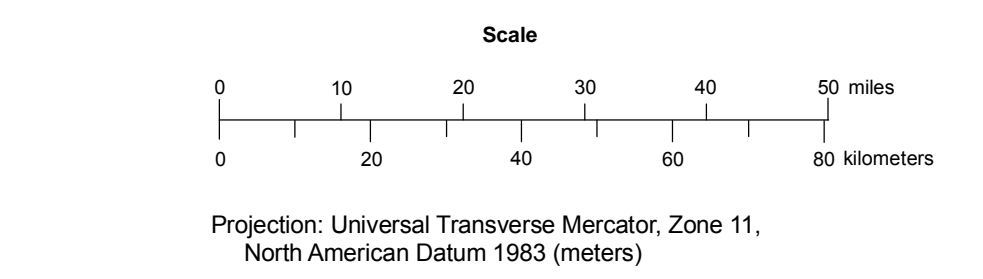
Because the Carlin Trend consists of a large number of closely spaced mines, it is divided into Carlin North and Carlin South, which are further subdivided into two clusters of mines, each of which is named for the largest mine in the cluster. Not all mines are currently operating at any one time in a cluster. Gravel operations are those producing more than 100,000 tons annually.

GEOTHERMAL AREAS
Geothermal area locations come from the "Geothermal Energy" section in "The Nevada Mineral Industry 2008." Nevada Geothermal Resources, Map 141, with updated information provided in 2010 by the Nevada Division of Minerals. Additional information on these areas will be available later in 2010 when "The Nevada Mineral Industry 2009" (in press) is due to be published.

OIL FIELDS
Oil field locations were taken from "Assessment of the Potential for Carbon Dioxide Sequestration with Enhanced Oil Recovery in Nevada, 2007" with updated information provided in 2010 by the Nevada Division of Minerals. Only currently producing oil fields are shown. Oil field symbols/locations are based on initial discovery well. More detailed information on the oil fields, individual wells, and production can be found in "Assessment of the Potential for Carbon Dioxide Sequestration with Enhanced Oil Recovery in Nevada, 2007." "The Nevada Mineral Industry 2008," and "Petroleum Data Map of Nevada, 2007."

Additional production and company contact information for the sites listed on this map can be found in "The Nevada Mineral Industry 2008" and "Major Mines of Nevada 2008." Further information on these sites will be available later in 2010 when "The Nevada Mineral Industry 2009" (in press) and "Major Mines of Nevada 2009" (in press) are due to be published.

HISTORIC MINING DISTRICTS
Historic Nevada mining district locations were taken from "Mining Districts of Nevada." The location of the symbol represents the approximate center of the mining district polygon as shown in the original report.



Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 11, North American Datum 1983 (meters)

Table 1. Mineral, geothermal power, and petroleum production in Nevada¹

Commodity	2007 (revised)		2008		% change from 2007 to 2008	
	Quantity	Value (millions)	Quantity	Value (millions)	Quantity	Value
Gold (thousand troy ounces)	6,037	\$4,197.8	5,698	\$4,968.2	-5.6	+18.4
Silver (thousand troy ounces)	8,430	112.8	7,965	119.4	-5.5	+5.8
Copper (thousand pounds)	142,794	478.4	175,538	568.7	+22.9	+18.9
Aggregate (thousand short tons)	48,700	273.5	39,980	225.0	-17.9	-17.7
Barite (thousand short tons)	573	20.8	595	26.5	+3.9	+27.2
Opyssum (thousand short tons)	1,351	18.0	1,152	15.3	-14.7	-15.0
Geothermal energy (thousand megawatt-hours)	1,243	69.4	1,383	95.1	+11.3	+37.0
Petroleum (thousand 42-gallon barrels)	408	23.5	436	33.3	+6.9	+41.8
Other minerals ²	---	297.7	---	207.2	---	-30.4
Total	---	\$5,491.9	---	\$6,258.8	---	+14.0

¹Production as measured by mine shipments, sales, or marketable production (including consumption by producers) compiled by the Nevada Division of Minerals and the Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology. Products mined or processed in Nevada but mined from deposits in California are included. Specifically, coke/ore from a mill in Amargosa Valley in Nye County and zeolite from the Ash Meadows plant in Nye County are not included in these totals.

²Building stone, cement, clay, diatomite, lime, lithium carbonate, magnesite, mercury, molybdenum, perlite, salt, and silica sand.