

AMERICAN SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY
SOUTHWESTERN EXPLORATION DEPARTMENT - RENO OFFICE
P. O. BOX 7637, RENO, NEVADA 89502

I.P. AND RESISTIVITY SURVEY

GEM PROJECT, VENUS CLAIM GROUP

LYON COUNTY, NEVADA

By

Richard Van Blaricom
December 29, 1970

assessment work.)

Mr. Palosky outlined the following lease agreement to me, however, Mr. Tucker will handle the actual drafting of the option agreement:

first year - \$ 10,000.00 on signing option

\$ 1,000.00 land payment on Colegrove lease
due January 1972

second year - \$ 20,000.00 lease payment

\$ 3,000.00 land payment on Colegrove lease

third year - \$ 20,000.00 lease payment

\$150,000.00 purchase payment on Colegrove lease

(Palosky feels we could buy the

Colegrove property for \$ 25,000.00

within the next year.)

fourth year - \$ 20,000.00 lease payment

fifth year - \$ 20,000.00 lease payment

After the fifth year we must either purchase the property for two million dollars or extend the lease for a yearly payment of \$50,000.00.

Recent Work - Venus and Colegrove Property

The most recent and only data readily available on the property was conducted by Richard Van Blaricom of the American Smelting and Refining Company. The report is dated December 29, 1970 and is included.

The following work appears to have been carried out;

1. seven I P lines were run for an approximation of 28 line miles on the Venus and Colegrove. (see appendix for profiles and Figure 1 for line location.)

- 2. Aeromagnetic map (see appendix)
- 3. I P Anomaly map (see appendix) Contours of I P reponse N = 1 and N = 2 (see appendix) included in Blaricom's interpretation of the I P results.
 - 4. Resistivity contours N = 1 and N = 2 (see appendix)
 - 5. Reconnaissance Geologic Mapping (see appendix)
 - 6. Three rotary holes were drilled

Gem 1 1653'

Gem 2 1625'

Gem 3 2062'

See Figure 1 for location of Gem 1 and 3. The location of Gem 2 is unknown. See appendix for drill logs and assay reports.

Observations

The Venus and Colegrove properties are contiguous with and lie directly south of the two reported U. S. Steel ore bodies. Verbal reports indicate that the main and well defined one zone (Figure 1) has been blocked out and appears to be contained within the U. S. Steel claim block. The eastern ore zone however is still in the process of being drilled out. I have attempted to delineate the trend and extent of the U. S. Steel's drilling program. Observed within this trend on the southern portion were 8 Longyear 44 (?) core rigs. Verbal communications with a driller indicated that an iron-copper zone was being intersected between 1000 feet and 4,200 feet. He also mentioned that the average hole depth was about 2,500 feet. The driller also stated that "the project geologist thought that an ore body of economic grade from 250 to 600 million tons existed along this trend."

page 4 The property appears to lie on the western margin, in the pediment, of a horst-graben structure, that trend about parallel to the projected trend of U. S. Steel's drilling program. Outcrops exist on the property, however, alluvium appears to be more prevalent. Rocks observed in the field include tactite containing specular hemitite, pyrite and copper oxides, fresh, intrusive granodiorite and quartz monzonite and propyliticly altered metasediments. Recommendations 1. Mr. Palosky should be contacted as soon as possible to determine exactly what kind of work commitment he wants and what option terms he would agree to. 2. Mr. Stolz of Parnasse should review the geophysical data and give recommendations. Conclusions and Recommended Exploration Program The property lies within the highly mineralised Yerington District and especially it lies directly adjacent to the U. S. Steel ore body. 2. Projection of present drilling by U. S. Steel indicates that their ore body may project into the property. 3. All known drilling on the property has been peripheral to the projected target zone. The target zone lies on a NE trending aeromagnetic high. (see A S and R data) This high roughly is parallel to the present U. S. Steel drilling program. 5. The target zone lies on an I P anomaly of a low order. This data however should be substantiated by Mr. Stolz.

Recent Work Rainy Claims

The following data is included on the Rainy claims:

- 1. Data on 3 I P lines
- 2. General geologic map
- 3. Aeromagnetic map
- 4. Two drill holes

The above work was done by the American Smelting and Refining Company in 1970.

Conclusions

Only about one hour was spent on this property and at the present time the true merit of the property is not known. However, the following observations were made:

- 1. A moderately altered (weak argillic) quartz diorite was observed on the claims. Minor limonite after pyrite was associated with this alteration.
- 2. ASARCO's aeromagnetic map shows a magnetic high on the property.
 - 3. A small I P anomaly is also located on the property.
- 4. Drill holes Gem 4 and 5 (Plate 2) show little significant mineralization.

Recommendations

The Rainy claims hold little interest to Parnasse at this time. This property should not be included in the main Venus claim block.

Appendix

Plate 1	Location Map with I P lines and drill hole locations
Plate 2	Drill logs Gem 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Plate 3	Drill hole assays Gem 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Plate 4	I P report A.S.and R, Blaricom, 1970
Plates 5 - 13	I P profiles
Plate 14	Outline of Venus claims
Plate 15	Aeromagnetic map
Plate 16	I P anomaly map
Plate 17	Contours of I P response N = 1
Plate 18	Contours of I P response N = 2
Plate 19	Contours of resistivity N = 1
Plate 20	Contours of resistivity $N = 2$
Plate 21	General geologic map
Plate 22	Claims map l" = 1000'
Plates 23 - 26	I P profile
Plate 27	Rainy claim block
Plate 28	Aeromagnetic map
Plate 29	Contoured I P response
Plate 30	Contoured resistivity



AMERICAN SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY
SOUTHWESTERN EXPLORATION DEPARTMENT - RENO OFFICE,
P. O. BOX 7637, RENO, NEVADA 89502

December 29, 1970.

MEMORANDUM TO:



I.P. AND RESISTIVITY SURVEY GEM PROJECT, VENUS CLAIM GROUP LYON COUNTY, NEVADA

INTRODUCTION

During the month of May an I.P. and resistivity survey was run over the GEM Project (Venus claim group). This was a joint venture with General Earth Minerals (GEM) to explore GEM's holdings. The area is to the immediate south of the U.S. Steel ore bodies, about five miles from the town of Yerington.

GENERAL LAND STATUS

The claim block consists of 462 unpatented lode mining claims, owned by General Earth Minerals. Subsequent to our survey the claim block was purchased by Continental Dynamics Corporation of Las Vegas. This is enough to negate all ASARCO interests.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

The geology is presented on Plate 13B. The alluvium to the east near drill hole, GEM 3, is more than 1500 feet thick; at this point bedrock consists of Tertiary rhyolite tuffs.

DRILLING RESULTS

The drilling results (as reported by Mr. G. Stathis) are presented in Appendix A. Pre-ASARCO drill holes are reported on the Geology Map (Plate 13B).

BACKGROUND GEOPHYSICAL INFORMATION

ASARCO flew aeromagnetics over this area (Aeromagnetics of Yerington Area, Sept. 1970) Plate 13C. The most prominent feature is the magnetic high (1960 gamma) associated with the U. S. Steel magnetite-chalcopyrite ore body. The low on the western part of the GEM group is due to deep alluvium. There is a high magnetic ridge trending N 20° W on the eastern edge of the property. The magnetic high is due to a ridge of volcanic material. The low just to the west of this high magnetic ridge is due to a down dropped block covered with thick alluvium.

The comparison of the Magnetic Map (Plate 13C), with the Resistivity Map (Plate 11), is of interest. The high resistivity corresponds closely with the high magnetics. The two would give an idea as to the thickness of alluvial cover. The I.P. Anomaly Map (Plate 1) indicates the I.P. high is peripheral to the magnetic high. There is a N 45° W trend in the I.P. anomaly and there is some suggestion that this is associated with the N 45° W trending magnetic high in sections 23, 25, and 36.

Previous to this I.P. survey several other I.P. surveys were run. Utah Construction ran I.P. as well as Geo-Comp. Exploration for GEM. These surveys picked up the anomaly but Geo-Comp.'s data did not delineate the anomaly. This left several areas open for extensions of the anomaly.

ASARCO survey was run using a dipole-dipole electrode configuration with an "a" spacing of 1000, 2000, and 4000 feet. The equipment used was rented scintrex. The transmitter (1 PC-7-10 KW) proved to be superior in current output to any of ASARCO's equipment. The resistivity is plotted in ohm-feet and the I.P. values both in milliseconds and MV/V. Mr. Dick Fazzio, from the Salt Lake office, assisted in running the survey.

SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Summary

One definite I.P. anomaly was detected on the western part of the claim group (See Map Overlay Plate 8). The depth to the polarizer was estimated to be 600 feet.

Previous drilling had been done in the anomalous area; shallow drilling close to these old holes would not be of much value. Therefore, two holes were drilled on the peripheral of the anomaly (GEM 1 & 2). The drilling intersected pyrite around 800 feet but little copper was found in any holes.

There is a low intensity I.P. anomaly to the east but this is probably due to clays. The resistivity is quite low in this area.

Recommendations

The I.P. anomaly to the west has definite sulfide significance. This anomaly was discussed with Messrs. Kurtz, Stathis, and Saegart prior to ASARCO's drilling. GEM 1 & 2 were drilled on the peripheral of the I.P. anomaly. GEM 3 was drilled to test the hypothesis of a deep extension from the U. S. Steel "ore body" being present.

The results from all the drilling indicate the area is of little interest to ASARCO.

RESULTS

Line 4N, 2000' "a" (Plate 1)

I.P. The I.P. shows an increase in value to the east.

Resistivity. The resistivity is low, indicating deep alluvial cover to the west.

Line 3N, 2000' "a" (Plate 2)

I.P. The I.P. is low but increases with depth.

Resistivity. The resistivity is low but increases with depth, possibly indicating the top of a higher resistivity rock unit at depth.

Line O, 2000' and 1000' "a" (Plates 3 and 3A)

I.P. There is a well defined I.P. anomaly from 4 East to 10 East. This is a shallow body as the Nl data is larger than N2 data. The 1000' "a" data has an anomaly from 6 East to 8 East, and its depth with respect to the "a" spacing as N = 1 is lower than N = 2. The probable depth to the top of this is around 600 feet.

Resistivity. The resistivity indicates a low zone to the east and west. This is probably due to alluvial fill. The high resistivity zone is flanked by a medium resistivity zone, and the medium resistivity zone on the west is the one that is mineralized.

Line 2S, 2000' and 1000' "a" (Plates 4 and 4A)

I.P. There is a definite I.P. anomaly from 6 East to 8
East. This is of less magnitude than the anomaly found on line
zero; the polarizer is probably somewhat deeper at this point.

Resistivity. The I.P. anomaly is associated with the medium resistivity zone on the western flank of the resistivity high.

Line 4S, 2000' and 4000' "a" (Plate 5) The anomaly is narrow and deeper at this point. The values would still be considered anomalous. Resistivity. The I.P. anomaly is on the western flank of an extremely high resistivity zone. Line 6S, 2000' and 1000' "a" (Plate 6) I.P. There is a low amplitude anomaly from 12 East to 13 East. This is probably a continuation of the anomaly found on the other lines. There is another anomaly near station 22 East, but this is probably due to clay (low resistivity). Resistivity. The anomaly near station 12 East is probably due to sulfides as the resistivity is around 100 ohm-feet. The anomaly to the east (station 22 East) is also associated with a low resistivity zone. Line 8S, 2000' "a" (Plate 7) I.P. There is a definite high on the east but this is not considered relevant as the resistivity is low. Resistivity. The resistivity is quite low along most of the line. This could indicate deep alluvial fill. The low resistivity invalidates the I.P. anomaly to the east. MAPS The enclosed maps indicate the anomalies and the contoured data in map form. There is an obvious anomaly. This is terminated on the west by a low resistivity zone. There is some possibility that the anomaly is buried on the western edge, and extends under cover. Bilal Van Blasians RICHARD VAN BLARICOM RVB:jd Encls. cc: W. E. Saegart C. K. Moss R. J. Lacy

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APPENDIX A

ootage	Interval	Rock Description
0 -		Alluvium
8 -	- 360	Fresh granodiorite porphyry. Trace
360 -		pyrite?
380 -		Fresh granodiorite porphyry.
750 -	- 780	Granodiorite porphyry and gouge material Trace pyrite.
780 -	- 800	Granodiorite porphyry and gouge material Also metavolcanic (andesite) and meta sedimentary (quartzite and silicified limestone?) fragments. Trace pyrite?
800	- 830	Metavolcanic (andesite)? and quartz vein fragments. Rock strongly fractured and oxidized locally. 1 - 2% plus fresh pyrite.
830	- 870	Granodiorite porphyry (95% of cuttings by volume) and metavolcanic ? material. 1% plus disseminated pyrite.
870	1030	Fresh granodiorite porphyry. Trace pyrite locally.
1030	- 1060	Fresh granodiorite porphyry. 1% plus pyrite.
1060	- 1080	Mostly granodiorite porphyry. Meta sediments 5% by volume for interval 1070 - 1080 feet. 2 - 3% plus pyrite.
1080	- 1150	Meta sedimentary rock as silicified limestone and quartzite. 1 - 3% plus pyrite.
1150	- 1160	(CORE RUN) Core recovered showed marble at 1150' - 1154' with 1 - 3% pyrite and quartz monzonite with 2 - 5% pyrite at 1154' - 1160'.
1160	- 1180	Quartz monzonite, chloritized. 2% plus pyrite.
1180	- 1240	Carbonaceous limestone and silty lime- stone. 2 - 3% plus pyrite.
1240	- 1250	Carbonaceous limestone and quartz monzonite. 1 - 2% plus pyrite.
1250	- 1258	(CORE RUN) Carbonaceous limestone. 2 - 3% plus pyrite. Mostly as veinlets Some calcite veinlets.
1258	- 1320	Carbonaceous limestone and silicified meta sedimentary or volcanic fragments. 2 - 4% plus pyrite.

APPENDIX A

DRILL HOLE GEM-1 - Continued

Footage Interval	Rock Description
1320 - 1350	Mostly carbonaceous limestone. 1 - 2% pyrite.
1350 - 1360	Mostly silicified meta sedimentary or metavolcanic rock. 2% plus pyrite.
1360 - 1380	Mostly carbonaceous limestone. 3% plus pyrite.
1380 - 1410	Mostly silicified limestone or meta- volcanic rock. 1 - 2% pyrite.
1410 - 1437	Carbonaceous limestone. 1% plus pyrite.
1437 - 1439	(CORE RUN) Carbonaceous limestone.
	<pre>1 - 2% pyrite along fracture seams. 1/8" - 3/8" wide. Calcite veining locally.</pre>
1439 - 1550	Carbonaceous limestone. 1% plus pyrite.
1550 - 1580	Silicified meta sedimentary or meta- volcanic rock. 1% plus pyrite.
1580 - 1601	Silicified meta sedimentary or meta- volcanic rock. 2 - 3% plus pyrite.
1601 - 1608	(CORE RUN) Fault breccia. Limy gouge.
1608 - 1651	Silicified meta sedimentary or meta- volcanic rock. 2% plus pyrite.
1651 - 1653	(CORE RUN) Silicified metavolcanic rock with 2% disseminated pyrite.

DRILL HOLE GEM-2

Footage Interval	Rock Description
0 - 50	Alluvium
1620 - 1625	Drill cuttings show mostly Tertiary, quartz-rich, crystal welded tuff material. Cuttings suspected to be heavily contaminated with recirculated welded tuff material carried in the drill mud. First sulfide (pyrite) noted in interval 770 - 780 feet. Pyrite noted here and in subsequent depth occurs as very fine disseminations in quartz phenocrysts and matrix of welded tuff. At the 1410 - 1420 foot interval, quartz monzonite fragments make up 10%, by volume, of the drill cuttings. (CORE RUN) 1 1/2 feet of core recovered of which 1' 9" consists of the drill cuttings.
	of which 1' 9" consisted of monolithic, limestone breccia with 1% disseminated pyrite and 3" consisted of silicified limestone with 3% disseminated pyrite.

NOTE ON GEM-2:

- The change from post mineral (Tertiary) rock to pre mineral rock may have occurred at about 1300 foot depth. A moderate decrease in the drill penetration rate occurs at about this depth. However, the cuttings show no change in rock type. Conceivably, the change could have ______ occurred at the final core run interval of 1620 1625 feet.
- Pyrite was noted in the following footage intervals: 770 820, 840 1060, 1070 1090, 1100 1110, 1120 1130, 1150 1160, 1210 1220, 1270 1290, 1310 1480, 1490 1625.
- 3. Greater than 1% by volume pyrite was noted in the following footage intervals: 900 910, 990 1030, 1040 1050, 1390 1400, 1430 1440, 1460 1470, 1570 1580, 1590 1625.

DRILL HOLE GEM-3

Footage Interval	Rock Description
0 - 2130	Gravel fragments noted in cuttings from entire depth of drill hole. Again strong contamination associated with the mud circulation. R. H. Luning (Sept. 3, 1970 ASARCO monthly project drill
2002 2012	report) believes that the Tertiary bed- rock was reached at 1850 foot depth. (CORE RUN) Rock consists of Tertiary,
2003 - 2013	devitrified, quartz-biotite crystal tuff. (CORE RUN) Same rock as previous core run.

Footage Interval	Rock Description				
0 - 125	Granodiorite - silicified and oxidized. 1 - 2% leached pyrite.				
125 - 180	Granodiorite - silicified, chloritized				
180 - 190	Granodiorite - as above, 2 - 3% partly tarnished pyrite.				
190 - 200	Granodiorite - as above, 0.5% fresh pyrite.				
200 - 210	Granodiorite - as above, trace - 0.5% fresh pyrite.				
210 - 230	Granodiorite - as above with some epidote. Trace fresh pyrite.				
230 - 240	Granodiorite - as above, trace fresh pyrite.				
240 - 300	Granodiorite - as above, trace - 0.5% fresh pyrite.				

DRILL HOLE GEM-5

Footage Interval	Rock Description
	Fresh, Tertiary crystal rhyolite tuff.
0 - 82	Tertiary rhyolite tuff and pre mineral
82 - 117	meta andesite rock. The latter is
	meta andesite rock. The Land
	silicified and oxidized. Metavolcanic rock. Mixed oxide and
117 - 140	Metavolcanic rock. Mixed only
	primary zone. Trace pyrite. Metavolcanic and granodiorite ? rock.
140 - 150	Metavolcanic and granodiorite and
	Strongly silicified. Chlorite and
	epidote present. Trace - 0.5% fresh
	pyrite.
150 - 180	Metavolcanic rock. Silicified.
200	Chlorite and epidote. Trace fresh
	· I
180 - 200	Metavolcanic rock as above. No pyrite
100	noted.
200 - 220	No recovery. Silicified. Chlorite
220 - 230	Manage Anna Manage
220 - 200	and epidote. Trace fresh pyrite.

NOTE ON ALL DRILL HOLES: 1. Holes 1, 2, and 3 were rotary drilled with mud.

- 2. Samples of the drill cuttings from holes 1 through 5 were collected mostly at 10 foot intervals and reexamined by the writer.
- 3. Sulfide (pyrite) content is estimated as volume percent of the cuttings.

Plate 3

DRILL HOLE ASSAYS

Depth (In Feet)	PPM Copper	Depth (In Feet)	PPM Copper
1070	180	1370	145
1080	210	1380	215
1090	250	1390	460
1100	110	1400	175
1110	110	1410	145
1120	165.	1420	60
1130	50	1430	30
1140	145	1437	. 35
1150	50	1437-1439 (core)	
1160	15	1450	35
1170	40	1460	45
1180	75	1470	50 50
1190	120	1480 .	75
1200	65	1490	120
1210	35	1500	55
<u>U</u> 1220	45	1510	30
1230	45	1520	35
1240	50	1530	35
1250	55	1540 1550	55
	ore) 50	1560	70
1270	60	1570	100
1280		1580	175
1290	80	1590	30
1300	80	1600	60
1310	85	1610	
1320	125 50	1620	290
1330	55	1630	215
1340	85	1640	120
1350	135	1650	145
1360	133	1651-1653 (core)	

DRILL HOLE ASSAYS - Continued

DRILL HOLE GEM-2

Depth (In Feet)	PPM Co	opper	Depth	(In	Feet)	PPM	Copper
1300	-			460			-5
1310 1320		5		470 480			-5 -5.
1330		5		490			35
1340	, for the 	-		500			-5
1350	-	5	The state of the s	510			- 5
1360 1370		Ţ	tion 2	520 530			-5 -5
1370		5		540			-5
1390			1	550			- 5
1400	-		March 1	560			10
1410 1420	_			570 580			-5 -5
1430				590			- 5
1440	-		1	600			-5
1450	- !	5		610			-5
			_ 1	620			-5

DRILL HOLE GEM-3

Depth	(In	Feet)	PPM	Coppe	r	Dept	h (In	Feet)	<u>P</u>	PM	Сорре	er
	2040	•		.20			2090				20	
	2050			20			2100				20	
	2062			20			2110				25	
	2070			25			2120				25.	
	2080			25			2130				30	
	x ^(t) .						2140				35	

Depth	(In	Feet)	PPM	Copper	Depth	(In Feet)	PPM Cop	per
	10		. /	55		150	90	
	20 30			50 65		160 170	100	
	40 50			90		180 190	5 0 5 5	
	60 70			55 50		200 210	35 25	
one a	80			55 60	a sala a lawara	220 230	20 35	
	100		1	90 .10		240 250	70 80	
	120 130			.05 .15		260 270	50 35	
	140		76	235		280	. 40	

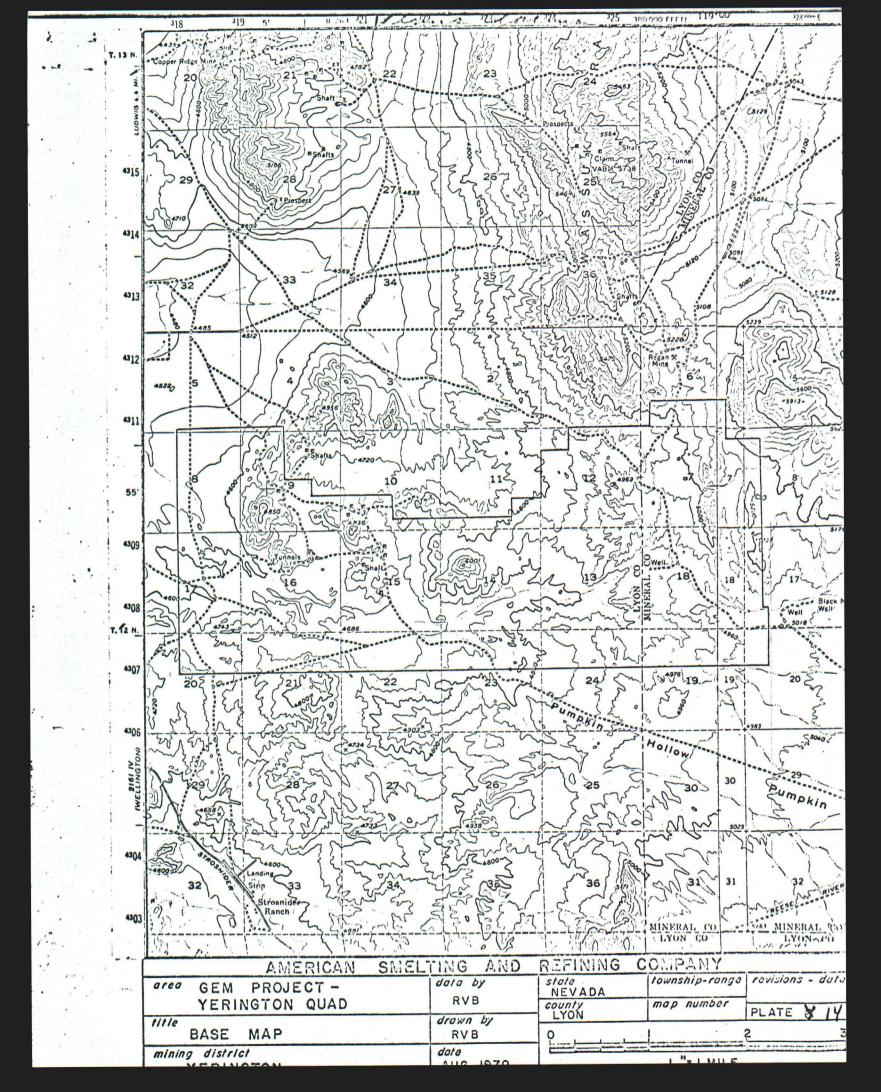
DRILL HOLE ASSAYS - Continued

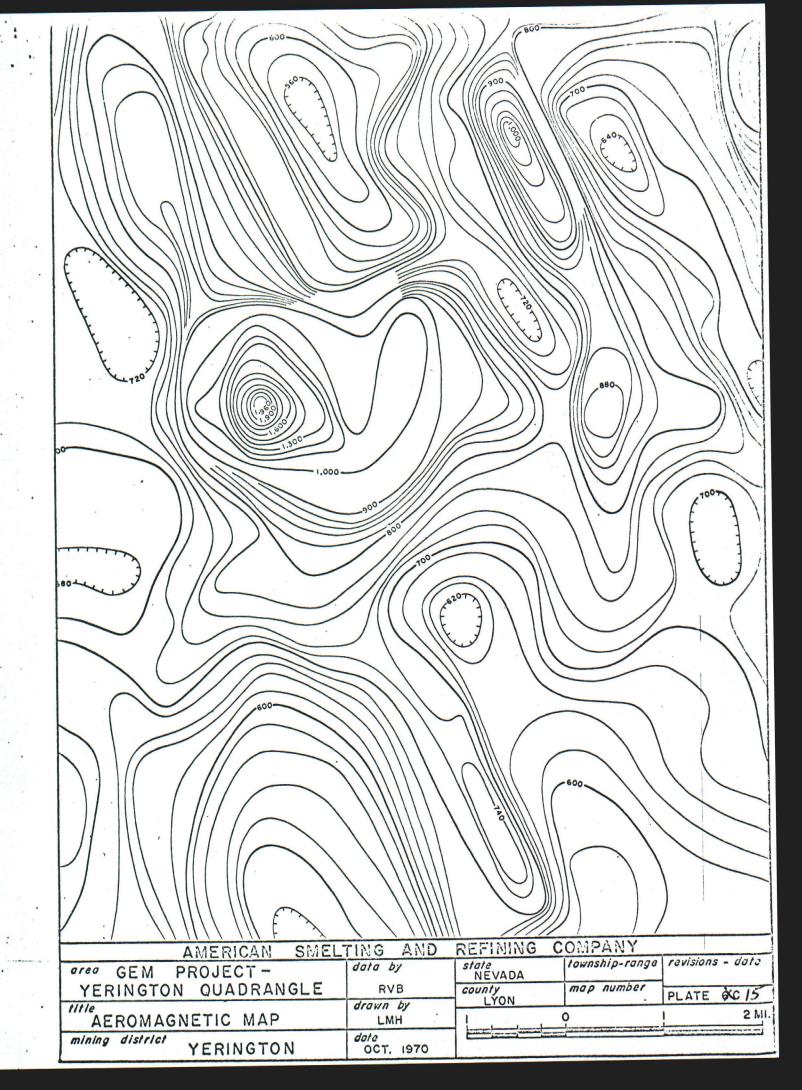
DRILL HOLE GEM-4A (Redrill)

	Depth	PPM	PPM	Depth	PPM	PPM
	n Feet)	Copper	Molybdenur	(In Feet)	Copper	Molybdenum
,	10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140	150 185 60 100 65 75 65 85 85 130 90 260 265 215	-1 4 5 -1 6 4 6 -1 5 5 -1 -1 -1 -1	160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 300	160 100 85 70 95 100 40 85 35 65 40 40 30 50	2 -1 3 -1 4 5 4 2 5 6 4 2 4

Depth (In Feet)		PPM Copper	PPM Molybdenum		Depth (In Feet)	PPM Copper	PPM Molybdenum
90		20	-1		160	60	. 5
100		. 15	5		170	45	6
110		35	2		180	40	1
120		55	-1	12401	190	50	2
130		55	4		200	35	2
140		40	1		210		
150		85	2		220		
	× *			, n	230	30	6

- NOTE: 1. All samples collected and assayed, with three exceptions, were wet, rotary drill cuttings.
 - 2. All assaying was done by Rocky Mountain Geochemical Corp. at Reno, Nevada using the atomic absorption method.
 - 3. Samples submitted for copper assay from drill hole G-4 were also assayed for gold and silver. All samples ran less than 0.1 ppm gold and less than 1 ppm silver.
 - 4. Drill hole GEM-4A was drilled 12 feet off of GEM hole 4.





4N.

0.

2S.

4S.

6S.

8S.

STRONG

MEDIUM

WEAK

SMELTING

data by

RVB

RVB

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drawn by

JUNE 1970

AND

AMERICAN

oreo

YERINGTON

mining district

I. P. ANOMALY MAP

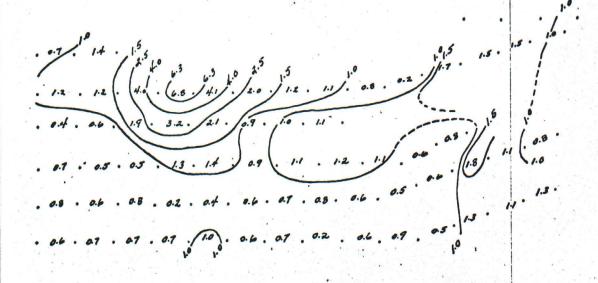
REFINING COMPANY

state
NEVADA

county
LYON

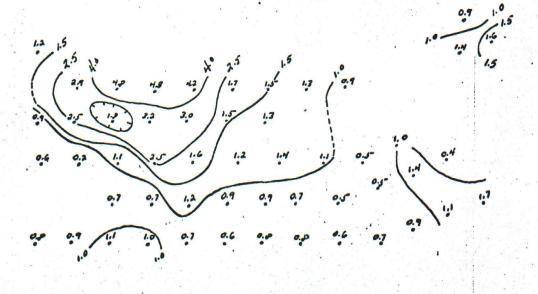
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1"=1 MILE



a = 2000' N = I I. P. VALUES IN mV/V

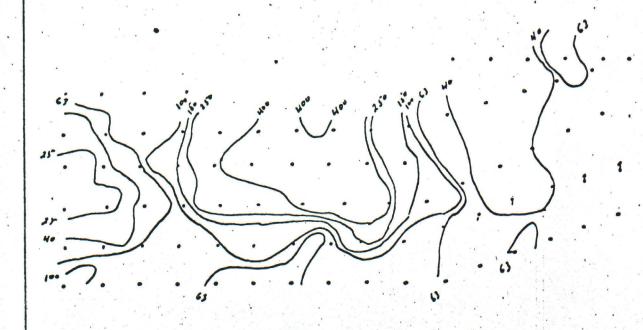
AMERICAN SMEL	TING AND	REFINING COMPANY	
area	data by	State township-range re	evisions - date
YERINGTON	RVD	county man number	LATE 9 17
CONTOURS OF I.P. RESPONSE	drawn by LMH	0	2mi.
mining district	JUNE 1970	A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF	SC 12 ACT TO DE SCHEDE TO A SCHEDE THE SCHEDE



a = 2000' N = 2

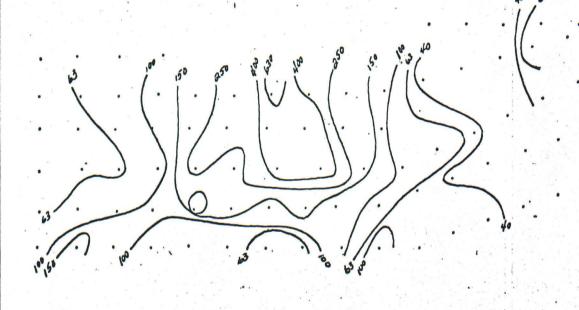
I.P. VALUES IN mV/V

AMERICAN SMEL	TING AND	REFINING	COMPANY	
YERINGTON	data by	state NEVADA	township-ranga	ravisions - data
title	drawn by	LYON	map number	PLATE 19/8
CONTOURS OF I.P. RESPONSE	LMH	11	O	. 2mi
mining district	data			Annual Control of the



a = 2000'
N=1
RESISTIVITY VALUES IN OHM-FEET

AMERICAN SMELT	TING AND	REFINING	COMPANY	
area	data by	state NEVADA	township-range	revisions - date
YERINGTON	RVB	county	map number	PLATE # 19
contours of P_{a}	RVB	O		2 3
mining district	date JUNE 1970		1" = 1 MILE	



a = 2000' N = 2 RESISTIVITY VALUES IN OHM-FEET

AMERICAN SMEL	TING AND	REFINING		
YERINGTON	dala by RVB	state NE VADA	township-range	ravisions - data
	drawn by	County LYON	map number	PLATE 12 20
""'e CONTOURS OF P_a	LMH	1	0	l 2mi.
mining district	date			

EXPLANATION

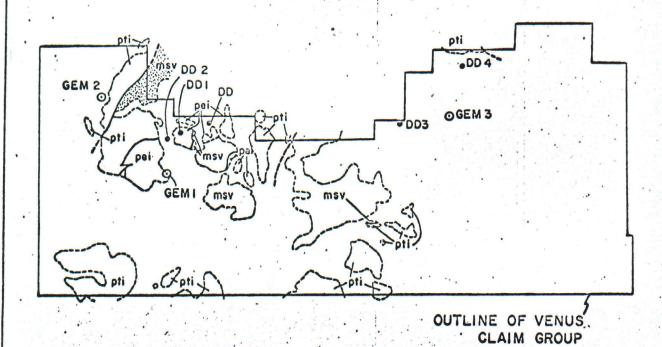
pti - POST MINERAL INTRUSIVES
pei - PRE MINERAL INTRUSIVES
msv-METASEDIMENTS & METAVOLCANICS

GEM I - ASARCO DRILL HOLES

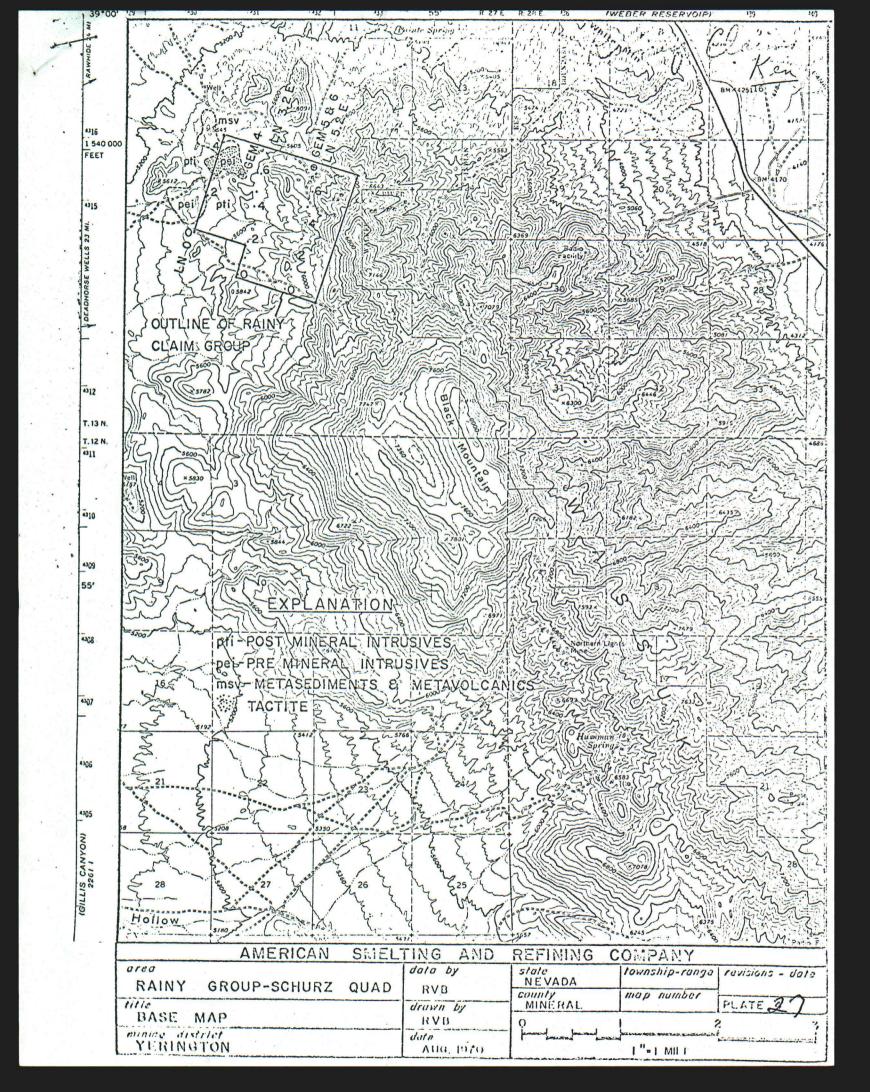
DD 1- DRILL HOLE (0-546' GRANODIORITE PORPHYRY FRESH, 552' FAULT, 744' METASEDIMENTS WITH PYRITE)

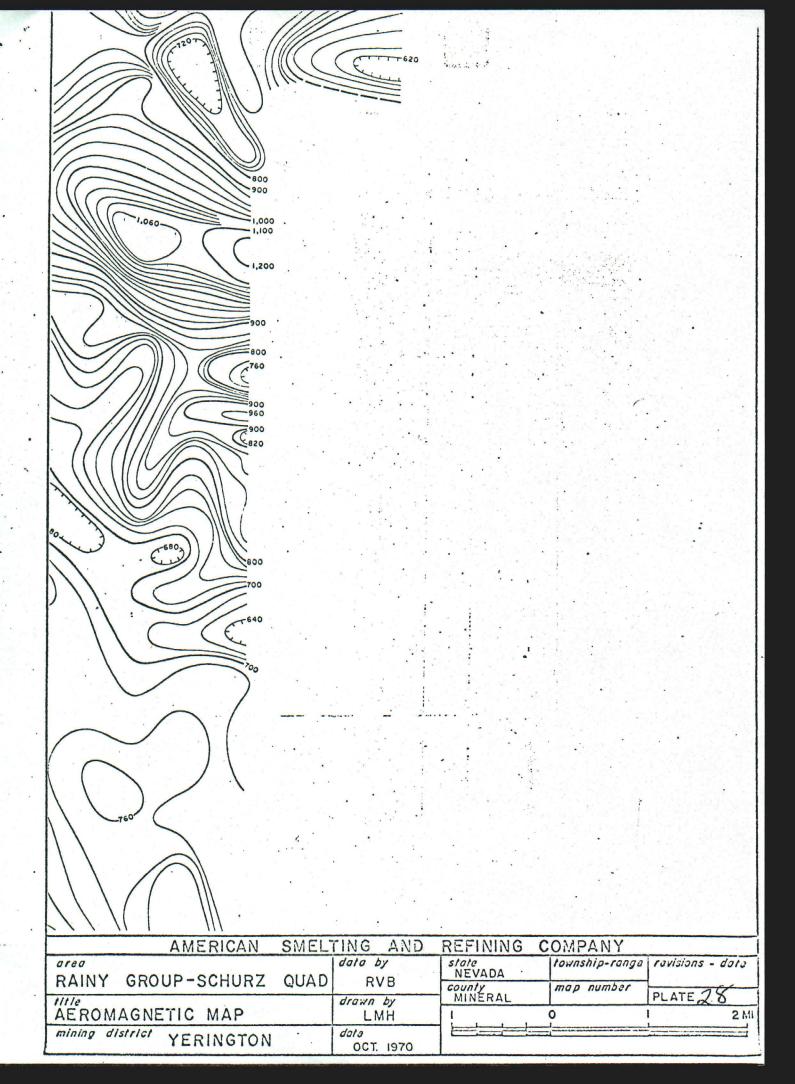
DD 2- (0-679' GRANODIORITE PORPHYRY FRESH, 692' FAULT, 869' METASEDIMENTS WITH PYRITE)

DD 384-(500' POSTMINERAL LAKEBEDS-TUFF)



AMERICAN	SMELTING AND	REFINING	COMPANY	,
GEM PROJECT -	data by	state NEVADA	township-ranga	ravisions - data
YERINGTON QUAD	drawn by	LYON	map number	PLATE 138 21
GENERAL GEOLOGY	LMH	LMH I O		1 2 5
mining district YERINGTON	doto .			





1000' a mV/V N = 2 0.3 0.9

0.1 0.9

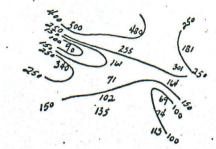
0.2 0.9

0.4 0.0

0.6 0.9

0.9 0.9

AMERICAN SMELT	TING AND	REFINING	COMPANY
	data by	State NEVADA	township-ranga revisions -
RAINY GROUP - SCHURZ QUAD		county	map number PLATE SE
CONTOURED I.P. RESPONSE	LMH	MINERAL	0 !
mining district	data OCT. 1970		



1000' a N = 2

AMERICAN SMEL	TING AND	REFINING	COMPANY	
RAINY GROUP - SCHURZ QUAD		NEVADA	township-range	revisions - date
CONTOURED RESISTIVITY	drown by	Gounty MINERAL	map number	PLATE 30
mining district	<i>dats</i> OCT. 1970		U	2mi

Tarnasse Company Inc.

ARLINGTON TOWER SUITE 240

100 NORTH ARLINGTON

RENO, NEVADA 89501

TELEPHONE (702) 329-6226

October 11, 1971

Parnasse Company, Inc.
Scottsdale, Arizona
ATTN: Mr. Patrick Darcy

PROPERTY EXAM VENUS CLAIMS

Presented by Mr. Kenneth Palosky.

Location

The main block of claims, which includes 745 unpatented Venus claims and 33 patented claims within the Colegrove lease, are located mainly in Mineral County, Nevada. The nearest town is Yerington which is approximately 6 miles NW of the property. Plate 1 gives the approximate boundaries of the above mentioned claims.

Included with this property are 54 unpatented Rainy claims. See Plate 1.

Claims

754 unpatented Venus claims

- 33 patented claims within the Colegrove lease
- 54 unpatented Rainy claims (Parnasse has the option of including this property within the lease or rejecting it. However, the payments remain the same, no matter which option we choose. It should be noted that the Venus claims and Rainy block are not contiguous and would require two separate programs to complete yearly

