Tunnel. to SE. 1. Main Decline.
From portal some 563° N - 70' ft. to face, in Massive grey, no bedding or other structure. No mineral.
From A - 20' - N 69° E to "B" on dumps.
B - N 47° W - 218' taped - Main Headframe
B - N 22° E - down gulch.
B - S 31° W up.
C - N 69° E - 77' to Ant. Shaft on Point.
C - about 50' deep with water in bot.
C - S 22° E - 85' to point in draw on road
D - N 3° E - Down draw to main trail intersect.
D - S 12° W, up draw 600'
C - N 62° W - to Mann shaft head frame.
C - N 16° W down hill to lower tunnel portal.

One trail from Cabin to J & J Decline the
Three beds join, S 40° W, 18° S E.
Same condition to J & J Decline
At 35° S E one line of ore following
Faulting in Massive & under-there folded
As & running, 5 35° W and dipping 35° S E.
One line 4' thick at point half way
down incline. - Incline on 15° pitch
S 12° W for. - One on 10' fault with dam
down in E.
One in 1000 stock pale assays 137.1 Pt.
12.08 Az + $1.20 gold.
Mr. Jakes reports 3 1/2' quartz in bottom for 1/2' along bottom where slope was thickest.
Inland Lead, 11-23-6

No. 1 Clara Tunnel, Clara Claim.
A. Portal 577W 31’-8. down 4’, 81’.
B. thence 512W 42’ 1/2 face drft.
back drft 11’ at 42 at W 2,
at B + 37’ - Cut 6’ Winge in One,
at B + 26’ - Entered 0’.
B - B + 18’ - Soft decomposed M.
B + 18’ - B + 26’ Cleared Lo.
A - 530’ E 29’ - Portal Lead Tunnel
Running 550W 14’ - Left liner
Thence 524W 18’ - Face curb,
W 514W 35’ to face, or turn.
The lead 25’ is in 70 and 60 with
some lead Cast. 1 under G труб.
Leaving appearance of fair grade of ore,
sample by best material taken. (No 1). Material
looks like that in top vinger in the West Tunnel.
The ore in the copper Tunnel is largely
pure lead Carbonate, top, bottom, sides.
W 2 still in ore, but shows more iron
and not as good as that above.
This ore is distinctly better showing in camp.
This work is all old and badly caved.
No one knows what was done with the ore removed.
From Point on bridge, it is
54° W to 5W, Cr. Davis Lake,
N 76½° W - 5.2 mi Clara
N 5° E - to Portal J & J Incline
Due S. 36° to 11 Water Spring Tunnel
S 80° E - to point on head frame of
Main incline. (NW Pt. 5' from shovelful)

From B - point 13 east of Bridge point,
three N 45° E - down gulch 250' level
and S 45° W - up, about 400'.
From point A - N 11W - 400 to point
in turn of Road. From A road
meets to main incline.

Davis No. 2 - Upper incline. Thin folded
5 40° W - on -30° incline in gray
limestone which at Portal 916 815 W
and dips 50° NW. Draft at bot
hinge runs S 22° E - to face.
Hinge follows down on bedding
encountering seam of iron near
bottom which runs with bedding
cut across beds in places in an
irregular manner as if following
cross joints, but there is no noticeable
fissuring. In some banded light gray
character all way down.
Inland Mine

Main Davis Incline

Plms 5 38° W. - 50' from 40° incl. lode

Start at contact of Massive + thin banded gray lo. - Fallon Plate of strong quartz (or 20 called fissure) which dips from 50 to 60 degrees to S.E. - First evidence of stopping appears at about 20' lower collar extending into back of house and from here, irregular stopes strike along the plane of the fissure extend to the bottom met workings 1/3 or the incline - On the 1st level the ore was followed on strike of fissure for 700 feet. the ore making irregularly into the lo or both fault and lying east west along the fissure

The contact of ore is sharp, and

Most of the deposit is ore under the present market - The ore is thoroughly oxidized and has high iron content - Several blast tests contain 14% lead 10% Ag and 0.06 gold, and 20% iron. Average of 3 shipments made in 1924 from 2nd class dumps - Average of 0.073 oz. 6% Ag - 15% Pb 8.7% iron, 98.3% Fe 2% Zn, 1% Sb 2% Sn.
The old timers in mining talk of the veins as being cut out practically all on surface; but, with depth, the silver values appear to increase, while gold values are constant. Hence, miners work closer near the bottom, longer along 1st level. Work is stopped in 3 places on what appears to be a pegmatite sill, cut sections, and in only one place the north range, in foot wall.

A main incline has been crosscut off per about 6' to 10' thick, with mineralized to beneath, but no ore yet exposed. Slope an average 7 ft. wide, but on plans are 10 ft. wide. Few patches of ore remaining which often leads to further stoping, but 50 to 100 tons to probably all that could be recovered.

Due to the irregularities in the workings, operations became so complicated that without unusual precautions the operation became impractical. The vein tends to consistently form the hanging wall of stopped areas, the ground sluice will require no tending. But, proper steps should be taken to avoid loss of sulfide.
Bold Vein Decline (24° slope)
Beds at pivot dip 32° 5-32° E.
Decline follows a seam of yellow bedding which strikes 530° W and dips about 20° to SSE. Best thickness of one 18" to 2'. All oxidized and shows streaks of carbon filled with red chalybeate material from surface. Av. 15% Pb, 120% gold and 10% silver, + 30% Fe.
Some ore shipped from here and about 30 tons in stock pile.
All assay all ore = Ore contains thinner blue beds under about 30 feet of massive white le carrying ores in main decline. This ore shoot is very well defined and regular in its occurrence on the bedding. It has been sloped up 15' and down 15' below ground level of the incline splitting into three thin banded shoots at face. Where deep increases to 55°.
Still some ore in sight on incline but not ground here is sticky and hard to hold. Best prospect lies at greater depth on the vein. This would require tamping by adit or tunnel digging also the jukes incl.

25° 540° W = 78° to face
J and J - Incline. Fall line plane of 10' fault 30°W, dip 43° 5' E
Some fault shown on road above the incline - The ore follows this fault all way to face starting at portal as dirty mixture of ore and clay 12-15" thick and widening to 4' at about 25' down mine now pending to 6' at face. Widest part of above 10' on plane of fault. - Some ore in bottom all way down wings but thin at face, ore badly mixed with clay in places but chipped, all the stock pile of about 35 tons which has not been sampled will run about same as that from other workings, Hasbeep, have run as high at 82%, lead 17.8% Ag.
This is a good ore prospect yanked at depth, and can be reached by a tunnel from the hillside further to S.E.
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<th>VALUE GOLD</th>
<th>SILVER (Ozs. Per Ton)</th>
<th>LEAD (Per Cent)</th>
<th>COPPER (Per Cent Wet)</th>
<th>INSOL (Per Cent)</th>
<th>ZINC (Per Cent)</th>
<th>SULPHUR (Per Cent)</th>
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**Remarks**

Charges $75.0 less 10% = 67.5
PLAN

Min. Incline

Upper Incline

S.E. End Line Davis Claim
N.E. End Line Davis No. 2 Claim

ILAND LEAD MINES
SILVER CANYON NEV.

Scale 30'=1'
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Assays with percentage values:

- 8% Na2
- 6% Na2
- 7% Na2
- 1% Na2
- 3% Na2
- 6% Na2
- 17% Na2
- 2% Na2
- 6% Na2
- 1% Na2

Open cut stop sample:
- Open cut stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample

Notes:
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample
- Salt stop sample

Diagram:
- The diagram shows a cross-section with labeled parts indicating various mineral layers and locations.

Measurements:
- 0 to 20 ft

Labeled:
- PLENTIFUL

Other:
- 1" = 40'