calcite.

ROUND MOUNTAIN-GOLD

ITEM 59

Alternate names: Smoky Valley Mine, Round Mountain Common Operation Related names: Sunnyside Pit, Southeast Pit

Commodities: Au, Ag (Au-Ag ratio ≈ 1:2)

silicification, oxidation.

Large.

LOCATION-OWNERSHIP

Topography Domain	Round Mountain (Jefferson Canyon). 1,920 m. Hilly. Mixed; private and BLM administered.	General location Meridian Tract Latitude Longitude	Mount Diablo. Sec. 19, T 10 N, R 44 E. 38°42'30" N. 117°05'00" W.					
Owner								
-	to completion of definitive agreement expected in Louisian 1005.							
GEOLOGY								
	Disseminated, fissure vein, stockwork.	Principal host formation	Tertiary Volcanics (Jefferson					
Origin	Hydrothermal oxidation	Geologia ago	Caldera).					
Shape of ore body	Unknown,	Geologic age	Oligocene.					
	The American State 1	MUCK relationships	Quaternary gravel is ore (resource					

Ore controls . . Fracturing, lithology. Strike and dip of unknown), Northwest: southwest. Densely welded rhyolite ignimbrite, mineralized zone. Age of mineralization . . . is ore, in veins and stockwork. Miocene (25 million yr). Mineralized area dimen-Poorly welded rhyolite ignimbrite, sions (excluding outlyis ore, disseminated (contains largest ore reserves). ing placer areas), m: Lithic tuff, is ore in veins. Length 1,800. Width Shale, slate, quartzite (Ordo-1,200. vician), is ore in veins. Thickness >750. (Disseminated zone is about 600 m wide and 1,700 m long.) neral names Electrum, auriferous pyrite, free Granite (Cretaceous Shoshone), is ore in veins. Mineral names Alteration Sericitic, propylitic, argillic, gold, pyrite, limonite, adularia, quartz, fluorite, realgar, alunite,

DEVELOPMENT

_			
Current status	Active-producer, expansion	Distance to water supply	13.7 km to stream from Jett Canyon.
	feasibility.	Road requirement	About 1 km
Type of operation		Distance to power supply	On site
Mining method	Open pit; with 1983 production rate	Mill location	On-site
	of 9,000 t/d ore, 23,000 t/d waste.	Mill status	
Year of discovery	1901 (district lode gold); 1906		Cyanide heap leach, carbon adsorption,
roam or ansoovery	placer gold); 1979 (LL & E).	- •	electrowinning, smelting.
Discovery method	Ore mineral in place, drilling.	Pad process rate	48-d cycle, 9,000 t/d.
Discovery metriou	Ore mineral in place, drilling.	Product type	Dore bullion (2/3 Au, 1/3 Ag).
Traitical manadaments	1000		_

1906; again in 1976 (LL & E). Initial production Past production 16,700 kg Au (district) (1901-59) (422). 7,493.6 kg Au and 3,940.2 kg Ag (1977–81) (422). 2,256.9 kg Au (1982).

2,900 kg Au, 1,700 kg Ag (1983). 3,100 kg Au planned (1984) (670).

PUBLISHED RESERVES-RESOURCES

Class	Quantity	Grade	Year	Reference				
1Not reported in reference	11,617,000 tons	0.061 tr oz/ton Au, 0.07 tr oz/ton Ag	1974	412				
2Proven and probable	195,400,000 tons	(original reserves, cutoff grade 0.02 tr oz Au). 0.043 tr oz/ton Au, 0.023 tr oz/ton Ag (114,400,000 tons proven and 81,000,000 tons probable (undiluted).						
3Indicated				388				
o	220,300,000 tons	0.03715 tr oz/ton Au	1983	169				
REFERENCES								
46, 61, 83, 84, 90, 169, 187, 193, 195 312, 357, 368, 378, 387, 388, 404, 4	, 196, 301, 303, 08, 412, 416.	USGS quad maps Tonopah, 1:250,000. Round Mountain, 7.5'.						
422, 431, 447, 492, 550, 616, 620, 621, 622, 670, 767, 795, 840.		USBM sequence number	0320230149. W001574.					

Comments: A 36,000-t/d (40,000-ton/d) mill to attain 90% recovery of reserves is under study. Reserves reported in 1983 delineated from 1977 through 1982. This reserve includes production in the intervening years.

Principal Deposits of Strategic and Critical Minerals in Nevada

By N. T. Lowe, Russell G. Raney, and John R. Norberg



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Donald Paul Hodel, Secretary

BUREAU OF MINES
Robert C. Horton, Director