

88. REDLICH

Esmeralda County, Nevada, USA  
Lat.  $38.16^{\circ}$ N., Long.  $117.96^{\circ}$ W.

Other names:

Rock Hill; Red Hill

Location:

In 2 roadcuts along U. S. Highway 95; Sec. 34, T. 4 N., R. 36 E.

Molybdenum production:

None.

Development:

Two diamond-drill holes drilled by American Metal Climax, Inc. during the winter of 1962-3.

Geology:

Apparently a porphyry-copper type deposit. Molybdenite occurs along the margins of small, irregular quartz-pyrite veinlets forming a stockwork in sericitized and silicified granodiorite. Smaller amounts of molybdenite and pyrite, and rare chalcopyrite, also are disseminated through the country rock. Younger, through-going quartz-feldspar "veins" containing fluorite cut the granodiorite and surrounding sedimentary rocks. Ferrimolybdite fills pyrite(?) boxworks and coats fractures in the zone of oxidation.

References:

- (1) Sanford, S., and Stone, R. W. (1914) Useful minerals of the United States: U. S. Geol. Survey Bull. 585, p. 120.
- (2) Schilling, J. H. (1962) An inventory of molybdenum occurrences in Nevada: Nev. Bur. Mines Rpt. 2, p. 32.

\* More detailed description than in Rpt. 2.

Drilled by Bear Creek Min Co ~ 1965

3990 0003

*Redlich is in Esmeralda*

*granodiorite in roadcut  
contains small irregular  
obj. veins containing molybdenite*

*young throughgoing veins  
of quartz strike NW and  
contain fluorite*

*Am Metal doing work*