

Mining District File Summary Sheet

DISTRICT	East side
DIST_NO	1670 6000 0346
COUNTY	Mineral
If different from written on document	
TITLE	Hughes Tool Co.; Claims Offered for sale to
If not obvious	Hughes Tool; Tonopah area claims - Copper King Mine
AUTHOR	L. Bunker; Elh Stephenson; C. Joseph
DATE OF DOC(S)	1957, 1970
MULTI_DIST Y / N?	
Additional Dist Nos:	
QUAD_NAME	Basalt 7 1/2"
P_M_C_NAME	Hughes Tool Co.; Copper King Mine;
(mine, claim & company names)	East Side Copper Original Mining Claim; Copper King Nos 1-2; Copper King No. 6; Copper Queen Nos 1-7; Copper King Nos. 8-9; Copper King No. 12; Eastside Copper; Eastside Copper No. 1
COMMODITY	Gold, silver, copper
If not obvious	
NOTES	property report; geology; assays; correspondence; German Springs District

Keep docs at about 250 pages if no oversized maps attached
(for every 1 oversized page (>11x17) with text reduce
the amount of pages by ~25)

Revised: 1/22/08

SS:	DD	1/29/08
	Initials	Date
DB:		
	Initials	Date
SCANNED:	T.M.	3/5/04
	Initials	Date

CLAIMS FOR SALE --TONOPAH AREA
HIMES AND JOSEPH

60066346

HUGHES TOOL CO. 86
CLAIMS OFFERED FOR SALE TO HUGHES TOOL
TONOPAH AREA CLAIMS

1670

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

To Mr. A. J. Anderson From L. Bunker Office
Office March 10, 19 70
Subject 14 Unpatented Claims For Sale

Owner: Mr. Charles Joseph
P.O. Box 854
Tonopah, Nevada

Location:

7 miles North of Basalt, Nevada. (See map attached.)
In the Basalt Mining District, Mineral County, Nevada. This district has produced small amounts of gold, silver, mercury, lead and tungsten. This area is 27 miles from Mina.

H. T. C. has 71 claims in the Gold Range Mining District and 62 claims in the Garfield Mining District. These districts are also located near Mina, Nevada.

History:

This group of 14 unpatented claims has had considerable Bulldozer trinchng work done which has exposed some ore bodies with values in copper and silver as shown on the attached assay sheet. There has been some drifting and raising. The attached geological reports by William L. de Carbonel and Sandy Sanderson indicate that this property is worthy of drilling and may have a possibility of an open pit operation.

Report:

It may be possible to secure this property under liberal terms for exploration and eventual purchase if it proves worthy. A report from geologist E. L. Stephenson would be helpful to evaluate the possibilities and worth of this prospect.

Respectfully,

L. Bunker

L. Bunker

April 3, 1970

Mr. E. L. Stephenson, H.T.C. Consulting Geologist, read the attached reports and being familiar with the area reported that it would not be wise to invest in this property at the present time.

Respectfully,

L. Bunker

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04-

COPPER-KING-MINE

MINERAL COUNTY

STATE OF NEVADA

PROPERTY

Consists of twelve unpatented lode mining claims, namely the East Side Copper Original Mining Claim, the East Side Copper No. 1, and the Copper King Claims, *and Queens* Nos. 1 to 12 incl, comprising an area exceeding 500 acres.

claims

LOCATION, ROADS, RAILROAD and TOWNS

The property is located in the German Springs Mining District, Mineral County, Nevada, about 7½ miles northerly from Basalt, the distance from Basalt to Bishop is 89 mis. the same distance as from Basalt to Tonopah, Nevada. The nearest railroad is at Mina, Mineral County Nevada, a branch of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

The distance from the mine to Mina is approximately ²⁷ miles, ~~27~~

CLIMATE

Elevation of mine workings are approximately 6,300 ft. above sea level. The climate of the mine is that of the intermediate altitudes of Central Nevada. The mine being located on the southern slopes of the mountain the winters are characterized by moderate temperatures, and as a rule with only a few light falls of snow. In summer the days are moderately hot but the nights are comfortably cool, the rainfall is very light.

WATER

There is no water at the mine; however, it can be anticipated that a shaft sunk to the four or five hundred ft. level should develop water sufficient for all mine and limited mill operations.

Water for domestic use and for all mining operations can be obtained at German Springs, five miles distant or at Basalt at the water tank owned by the State of Nevada Highway Maintenance Station.

Water for large scale milling and leaching operations can be developed at Teels Marsh, 8½ miles distant, by sinking one or more relatively shallow wells. The elevation of Teels Marsh is 4,900 ft.

POWER

It will be necessary to generate power for the mill and mine operations preferably with Diesel engines.

GEOLOGY AND ORE BODIES

The oldest rocks of the area in general are of Triassic age and comprise andesite, soda rhyolite-felsites and lime stones, with subordinate quartzite and shales. The Triassic rocks are intruded, probably in Cretaceous time, by diorites and porphyries, which metamorphosed them strongly and converted relatively large volumes of limestone into calcium silicate rocks and allied silicates. After this metamorphism, dikes and bosses of various rocks were injected, subsequently faulting took place Tertiary volcanic rocks unconformably upon the Mesozoic rocks. They consist of a lower division of quartz-latite and andesite breccia; a middle division of andesite flows and an upper division of conglomerate, capped by basalt. The ore bodies are believed to be contact-metamorphic replacement of comparatively

Geology and Orebodies-----continued.

pure limestone, and are related to faulting. The principal ore consists of various copper sulphides, oxides, sulphate carbonates and silicate. Silver is present and to a lesser degree, gold.

There is no blocked out ore in the true sense of the term "blocked out ore". However several thousand tons of leaching ore can be mined from the existing mine workings. Mine dumps will furnish possible ~~thousands~~ thousand tons of leaching ore, of a good grade better than two percent.

Exploration of ore bodies has been accomplished in the existing mine workings, represented by drifts, cross-cuts, one winze and numerous raises, aggregating over 800 ft., and by many systematic surface exploration, consisting of pits, shallow shafts, trenches and other workings, and indicate that the chief ore body will attain a length of 300 ft. or more with width up to 75 ft., probably all in ore of mill or leaching grade, with an appreciable percentage of shipping ore, both oxidized and sulphides.

Sage brush soil covers the various outcrops followed by a few feet of barren capping and then follows an oxidized zone of the various copper ores, to an estimated depth of probably 300 to 400 ft. below the existing mine workings (elevation 6,300 ft. above sea level) on the East Side Original mining claim. This oxidized zone will be followed by the primary ore zone with secondary enrichment. Three known intersections or crossings will produce "high-grade" ore bodies. It is highly probable that the mineralization will go to the depth of the quartz-monzonite sill, -what the depth of the sill is - I cannot state. However, taking into consideration the well established length of the ore body accompanied by an average width exceeding 60 ft. (sixty ft.) and favorable walls, line hanging wall and porphyry foot wall, the depth of the primary ore zone should be considerable and should produce a large tonnage of both milling and shipping ore.

Application of shrinkage methods are possible due to the fact that the rigid requirements to shrinkage stoping as to dip (80 degrees), shape and strength and character of ore body and walls are all present.

Shrinkage stoping methods are desirable methods, because simple, requiring little timber and practically no shoveling in stopes, all features which tend to exceptionally low costs of mining.

copy of - Report -
by - Sandy Sanderson
EM-1951-

ASSAYS

No.	Assays by	Gold oz.	Silver oz.	Copper %	Type of sample	Total Assay Value
1	CCMC	0.06	15.62	2.10	trench	\$ 36.12
2	SAML	trace	10.00	9.90	trench	59.32
3	UAOI	trace	3.10	1.11	cut	5.45
4	do	0.02	4.70	6.47	cut	27.43
5	do	trace	1.70	1.77	grab, dump	10.30
6	do	none	0.60	3.08	" "	16.54
7	do	trace	1.10	1.31	" "	7.60
8	do	none	1.30	3.44	cut	18.10
9	do	none	0.60	----	cut, wall	.51
10	CCMC	0.03	0.46	3.40	cut	18.38
11	do	0.01	0.66	3.80	dump	19.81
12	do	0.01	0.55	3.60	cut	18.46
13	do	0.01	1.10	4.75	cut	23.50
14	USBM	trace	0.80	1.73	grab, dump	9.21
15	do	0.005	2.35	2.77	" "	15.40
16	USBM	trace	0.70	7.17	" "	35.61
17	USBM	0.01	0.66	23.60	cut	115.99
18	AVHL	----	----	5.10	cut	24.38

Ozs.	Per Ton	Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent
Au	Ag.	Cu	SiO ₂	Fe	CaO	Al ₂ O ₃	S
<u>Gold</u>	<u>Silver</u>	<u>Copper</u>	<u>Silica</u>	<u>Iron</u>	<u>Lime</u>	<u>Alumina</u>	<u>Sulphur</u>
One Sample	none	47.46	7.64	60.5	10.0	0.9	5.4
							0.1
							\$67.30 gross ton

Total in dumps, estimate tonnage, about 2,000 tons.

NOTE: Gold 135.

Gold, \$35.00 per ounce
Silver, .90 per ounce
Copper, .24½ per pound

Union Assay office for A-S and R. 9.3.3

gold - 0.020 - Silver - 5.6 - Lead - 4.64 - Copper - 68.8 percent
SiO₂ - 68.8 percent
grab from large south side dump on east end of dumps

COPPER KING MINE

SANDY SANDERSON
-EM- 1961

open

COPPER KING 9

COPPER QUEEN 4

ROAD
←

COPPER KING 12

COPPER KING 8

COPPER QUEEN 2

cut
186 ft

COPPER QUEEN 3

EASTSIDE COPPER

EASTSIDE COPPER 1

COPPER QUEEN 1

copper
stone

COPPER KING 6

COPPER KING 1

COPPER QUEEN 5

CU
0.14
cut

COPPER QUEEN 7

COPPER KING 2

COPPER QUEEN 6

ROAD

ROAD to NEW HAVEN

CG No. 1

Chas. A. Joseph
P. O. Box 854
Tonopah, Nevada 89049

WM. L. deCARBONEL
Mining Engineer and Geologist
Tonopah, Nevada
July 29, 1960

Mr. A. H. Delareuelle
P.O. Box 1535
Las Vegas, Nevada

Dear Art:

I have recently examined the Copper King property situated in the German Springs Mining District, Mineral County, Nevada. This property is located 7 miles north of Basalt, at the intersection of U.S. Highway 6 and Nevada Highway 10A, thence 2.8 miles north-westerly via all-weather gravel road to the mining area. Highway 10A leads to a railroad at Mina, Nevada, 27 miles.

The property consists of ten ~~lode~~ lode mining claims held by discovery and annual labor, all of which has been done and recorded up to and including the year 1960.

The area consists of an unusual east-west graben, a continuation of the Candelaria structure, which has been intruded by Cretaceous or early Tertiary granitic rocks. The Paleozoic rocks of the intruded mass consist of Ordovician (?) and Permian sediments which have been overthrust and highly folded before the block faulting and intrusions. The Paleozoic sediments consist of shales, mudstones, dolomites, cherty dolomites, iron manganese rich chert beds, sandstones, and quartzites.

The high degree of shattering of the more brittle cherts, cherty dolomites and almost quartzitic sandstone have provided favorable sites for the circulation and deposition of mineral bearing solutions. Later faulting and fracturing during the Tertiary have reopened these channels, permitting the leaching of the upper zones, the formation of gossans, and deposition of secondary copper mineralization.

A great deal of bulldozer trenching, some drifting and raising, and open pitting demonstrates the structural and mineralogical features of the property. Consistently richer assays in copper have been found in the larger open cut zones, with the copper content increasing from 0.35% to 3.5% in 16 feet in depth. Large areas of gossan exist. Further trenching will only show an increase in areal extent of the showings. What the property needs is a drilling program of 10 or more drill holes to define the depth of the ore body.

Sufficient geology has been done by various persons to more or less delineate the areal extent of the ore bearing area. Insufficient structural details are known or mapped in the ore area and are considered extremely important for the location of drill holes.

Sites for preliminary drilling have been discussed by several geologists and all seem in good agreement.

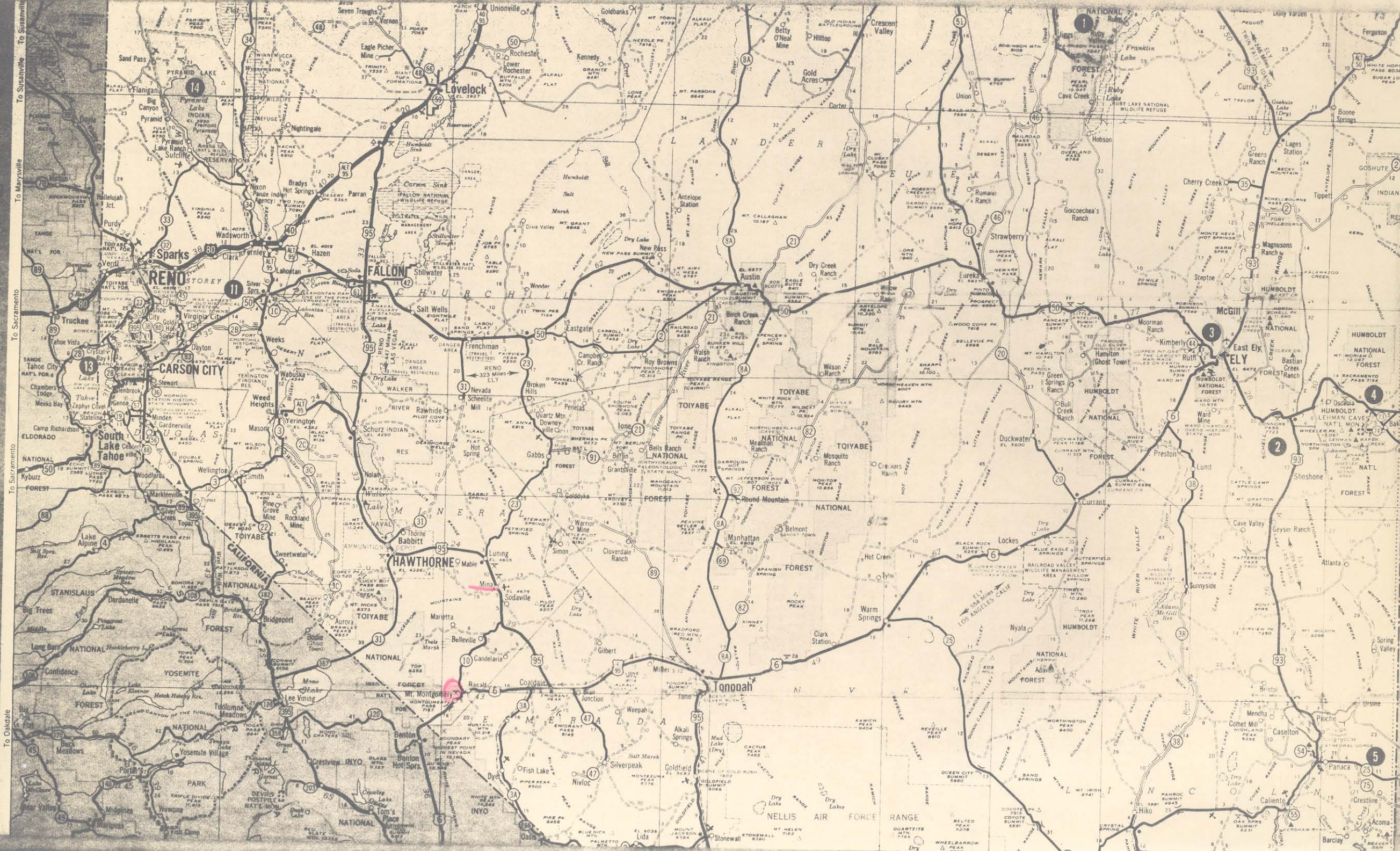
The terms desired by the owners are liberal, six months with option to continue for an additional six months should work be kept up on exploration by drilling or other means. After the six month or one year period a royalty of ~~10%~~ on the ~~gross~~ production with a minimum payment of ~~\$4,000.00~~ per month is asked. *or 10% net - smelter or mill returns.*

I feel that this property merits your examination and further exploration by drilling by rotary or churn drilling, and that the results will lead to continued exploration and exploitation.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) William L. deCarbonel
W.L. deCarbonel

WLdeC/er



ASSAYS

No.	Assays by	Gold oz.	Silver oz.	Copper %	Type of Sample	TOTAL ASSAY VALUE
1	CCMC	0.06	15.62	2.10	trench	\$ 36.12
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4	do	0.02	4.70	6.47	cut	27.43
5	do	trace	1.70	1.77	grab, dump	10.30 N dump
6	do	none	0.60	3.08	" " (upper)	15.54
7	do	trace	1.10	1.31	" "	7.50
8	do	none	1.30	3.44	Cut	18.10
9	do	none	0.60	----	cut, wall	.51
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12	do	0.01	0.55	3.60	cut	18.46
13	do	0.01	1.10	4.75	cut	23.50 S side
14	USBM	trace	0.80	1.73	grab, dump	9.21 small $\frac{1}{2}$ uphill
15	do	0.005	2.35	2.77	" "	15.40 S dump
16	do	trace	0.70	7.17	" "	35.61
17	do	0.01	0.66	23.60	cut - <i>see grab</i>	115.89
18	AVHL	----	----	5.10	cut	24.38

RUN BY KENNICOTT, MCGILL, NEVADA

Ozs. per ton	Per Cent	PerCent	PerCent	PerCent	PerCent	PerCent
Au Ag.	Cu	SiO ₂	Fe	CaO	Al ₂ O ₃	S
Gold Silver	Copper	Silica	Iron	Lime	Alumina	Sulphur

None, 47.46 7.64 60.5 10.0 0.9 5.4 0.1 \$87.30 gross

Union assay office for A S - and R - sample 933
grab east end of main big dump south side Trench.
Total in dumps estimate tonnage, about 2,000 tons *gold - silver Lead copper*
0.020 - 5.6 - 100 - 5.64 percent 68.8 percent

NOTE: Gold 35

Gold \$35.00 per ounce
Silver, 90¢ per ounce
Copper, 24½ cts per pound

COPPER KING MINE

SANDY SANDERSON
-EM- -1951-

ONE
SAMPLE