ITEM 21

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826 1545

Sept. 28, 1983

Mr. Carl Anderson P.O. Box 270270 Tampa, Florida 36688

Dear Mr. Anderson:

I have found out that the property we sampled the first of this month is known as the Gold Trail Group. I could not find any production figures. A brief description is given in Geology and Mineral Deposits of Churchill County, Nevada. I am enclosing a copy of this description.

Enclosed you will also find the assay results from the 12 samples we took. There is also a rough draft showing sample locations, assays and values. I hopeethis is all the report that you need.

Tex Flaharity has not contacted me since he telephoned to say that the samples should be assayed.

Sincerely,

J.McLaren Forbes

9-83 Carl Anderson Tex Flaharity

Cha.

Lucky + Gold Trail Group. 1-8 36 N 16 E 34 + 35 + ?26

HII ERb - Rob Spreeuw.

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1275 Kleppe Lane, #5 • Sparks, Nevada 89431 • (702) 331-3600

Laboratory Order

Received:			Laboratory Number: 255-2				
Report to: A. Mc Laser	Forbes	/	Atte	ntion:			
Address: 2275 Mue	ller D	Λ					
	509		Tele	ephone:			
Additional Instructions:							
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SUBMITTED BY: White copy: For your record	ds. Yellow	v copy: Send to Lab.	Date: Pink copy:	Enclose with	samples		

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Western Testing (Laboratories

1275 Kleppe Lane, #5 Sparks, Nevada 89431 Telephone: (702) 331-3600

Report of Analysis

Submitted by: J. McLaren Forbes

2275 Mueller Drive

Reno, Nevada 89509

Date: September 14, 1983

Laboratory number: 255-2

Analytical method: Fire Assay

Your order number:

Report on:

Au, Ag

Invoice number:

E891

Sample	Au (Oz/Ton) #/Tor Ag	g (Oz/Ton) Sluer (8)
0645	0.008 +10- oquee	Nil
0646	Trace # 3.32	0.16 = # 1.92
0647	Trace	Nil
0648	Nil	Nil
0649	Trace	0.04 \$0.40°
0650	Trace	Nil
0651	Trace	0.72 # 8.64
0652	0.006 #2.49	0.06 # 0.72
0653 0654	Trace Trace	0.06 #0.72
0655	Trace	0.06 #0.72
0656	0.005 \$ 2,06	0.10 # 1,20

Assaying First Assay 12 Samples 40.50 - 97/65

Co 900 each 108.80

\$ 148,50

General Manager

ppm = Parts per million **Percent** = Parts per hundred

1 oz/ton = 34.286 ppm1.0% = 20 pounds/ton

Oz/ton = Troy ounces per ton of 2000 pounds avoirdupois

Fineness = Parts per thousand

1 ppm = 0.0001% 1 ppm = 0.029167 oz/ton Read + as "greater than." Read - as "less than."



1275 Kleppe Lane, #5 Sparks, Nevada 89431 Telephone: (702) 331-3600

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Submitted by: J. McLaren Forbes

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Reno, Nevada 89509

Date: September 14, 1983

Laboratory number: 255-2

Analytical method: Fire Assay

Your order number:

Report on:

Au, Ag

Invoice number:

E891

Sample	Au (Oz/Ton)	Ag (Oz/Ton)	
0645	0.008	Ni1	
0646	Trace	0.16	
0647	Trace	Nil	
0648	Nil	Nil	
0649	Trace	0.04	
0650	Trace	Nil	
0651	Trace	0.72	
0652	0.006	0.06	
0653	Trace	0.06	
0654	Trace	0.08	
0655	Trace	0.06	
0656	0.005	0.10	

General Manager

Western Testing () Laboratories

1275 Kleppe Lane, #5 Sparks, Nevada 89431 Telephone: (702) 331-3600

Report of Analysis

Submitted by: J. McLaren Forbes

2275 Mueller Drive

Reno, Nevada 89509

Date: September 14, 1983

Laboratory number: 255-2

Analytical method: Fire Assay

Your order number:

Report on:

Au, Ag

Invoice number:

E891

Sample	Au (Oz/Ton) Gold of Ag	#/ Ton (Oz/Ton) S,/ver at
0645 0646	0.008 = \$3.3E Trace	$\# 12^{20} / ounce$ Nil $0.16 = \# 1.92$
0647	Trace	Nil
0648	Nil	Nil
0649	Trace	0.04 = \$ 0.48
0650	Trace	Nil
0651 0652	Trace 0.006 = \$2.49	0.72 = #8.64 0.06 = \$ 0.72 butil \$ 3.21
0653	Trace	0.06 = \$ 0.72
0654	Trace	0.08 = \$ 0.96
0655	Trace	0.06 = \$0.72
0656	0.005 - \$ ≥,08	0.10 = \$ 1.20 total \$ 328

B. M. Clem

General Manager

1 ppm = 0.0001% 1 ppm = 0.029167 oz/ton Read + as "greater than." Read - as "less than." The ore from one shipment was reported by Vanderburg (1940, p. 21) to contain 0.91 ounces gold, 13.44 ounces silver, and 2.0 percent lead per ton. A sample of brecciated quartz collected from the main vein as part of this study was found to contain 16 ppm gold, 70 ppm silver, and virtually no lead. A sample from the vein 50 feet to the east contained 2.5 ppm gold and 10 ppm silver.

Gold Trail group. The Gold Trail group is on the west flank of the Desatoya Mountains about 2 miles west of the east boundary of Churchill County in sec. 36 (projected), T. 16 N., R. 37 E. It can be reached by way of a road extending about 2 miles east from the Buffalo Canyon road to a Weather Bureau remote station and then by a jeep trail eastward and northward to the property. It is held by location by Fred and Cleo Erb of Fallon.

The property is developed by several inclined shafts, some trenches, and a number of shallow pits. The southernmost shaft, which is caved shut, is located on a large westward-dipping normal fault that brings quartz monzonite on the east into contact with somewhat altered and locally iron-stained sedimentary deposits of Miocene age. The next shaft to the north is in the quartz monzonite a short distance to the east of the fault, and the northern-most shaft is wholly in the sediments to the west of the fault.

The deposits are tuffaceous shale and volcanic-debris sandstone, some of which is pebbly. Near the large fault the sediments dip northwest at 20° to 35°; farther west the dip is to the east. Alteration of the sediments is most prevalent near the fault but is not intense anywhere. Clay minerals and sericite are developed in the tuffaceous beds, and small clasts of volcanic rocks in the sandstone beds show alteration of their feldspar to clay.

Aplite and pegmatitic aplite dikes are common in the quartz monzonite, and there are some thin quartz veins. Shallow prospect pits have been dug on the veins and on some high-quartz pegmatite pods.

Other deposits. The rhyodacite tuffs exposed on the low hill at the west base of the Desatoya Mountains east of the Pony Express station contain silicified zones that have been explored by a number of shafts and adits. All the workings are shallow, and there is no record of any production from these prospects. But one sample of silicified tuff from a shallow inclined shaft on the southeast side of the hill near its crest contained 16 ppm gold and 100 ppm silver. Quartz veinlets in the silicified tuff at this locality contained only 1.1 ppm gold and 7 ppm silver.

A small deposit of magnetite-hematite ore is exposed by bulldozer trenches on the west slope of the Desatoya Mountains about 2 miles south of Carroll Summit. The iron occurs in the metavolcanic rocks near contacts with a biotite quartz diorite.

A deposit of manganese is exposed beside the road that extends from the Buffalo Canyon road to the Weather Bureau remote station southwest of the Gold Trail group. The deposit is a poorly sorted gravel that is thoroughly impregnated with manganese oxides. The gravel formed a nearly horizontal capping on the Miocene deposits. Most of the deposit has been mined, but there is no record of the production or to what use it was put.

Some lignite beds in the Miocene section to the west of the Gold Trail group contain small amounts of uranium. The deposit has been described by Staatz and Bauer (1954, p. 76-77) as follows:

"The lignite beds are composed of light-brown to black carbonaceous material, intermediate in character between peat and lignite. Most beds are underlain by light- to dark-gray clay. It is soft and porous, shows many imprints of leaves and bark, and has greenish-yellowstained clay along some of the partings. Selenite is common on bedding planes in the lignite, but is not found in the surrounding sediments. The ash content of the lignite ranges from 59 to 75 percent. Five lignite beds were found in a section of sediments 10 feet thick. The No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 beds are less than 0.3 feet thick, clayey, and of little economic interest. Bed No. 3 averages 0.6 feet in thickness, and the one sample taken contained 0.052 percent uranium in the lignite and 0.95 percent in the ash. Bed No. 5 averages 3.5 feet in thickness, and the uranium content ranges from 0.006 to 0.059 percent in the lignite and from 0.008 to 0.100 percent in the ash."

Fairview District

The Fairview district includes the area on both sides of Fairview Peak and extends from U. S. Highway 50 south to Crown Canyon. The district can be reached by roads extending south from U. S. Highway 50 on both sides of Fairview Peak. Crown Canyon is reached by a road extending east from Nevada Highway 31 about 8 miles south of U. S. Highway 50. Access to part of the western part of the district is restricted by the Bernard Navy bombing target area.

History and Production

The early history of the district was summarized by Vanderburg (1940, p. 23) as follows:

"The first locations in the district were made by F. O. Norton and associates in 1905. The Nevada Hills mine was located by P. Langsden in January 1906. The discovery of rich silver-bearing float and ore in croppings created considerable excitement, and a boom ensued the following year, which gave the district a temporary population of several thousand. By 1907 the town of Fairview, laid out on the flat west of the mines, had a population of 1,000 and boasted two hotels, several restaurants, stores, and two newspapers. Daily stages and telephone lines connected Fairview with Fallon and Wonder, the latter being 18 miles north. During the first years of the camp's history, mining was in the hands of lessees and numerous wildcat companies, most of the latter being very short lived. Until 1911, all the ores produced were shipped to smelters for reduction, and in consequence only the higher-grade ores were mined. The freight rate on ore from Fairview to Fallon in 1907 was \$12.50 per ton. In 1910 the Nevada Hills Mining Co., incorporated in 1906, acquired control of the Fairview Eagle Mines Co., a contiguous property, and the