

1370 0017

PROPERTY NAME: Delamar Zinc?
OTHER NAMES: North Star claims
MINERAL COMMODITY(IES): Zn?, Pb?
TYPE OF DEPOSIT: Replacement veins in limestone along bedding,
or fault?
ACCESSIBILITY: _____
OWNERSHIP: North Star claims located June 22, 1974, by 2 persons
from Caliente, names no longer readable.
PRODUCTION: Reportedly none.
HISTORY: _____

County: Lincoln ⁽¹⁶⁷⁾ Item 20
Mining District: Delamar
AMS Sheet: Caliente
Quad Sheet: Delamar 7 1/2'
Sec. 23, T 5S, R 64E
Coordinate (UTM):
North 4,152,280 m
East 0,695,800 m
Zone +11

DEVELOPMENT: 3 shafts as shown on map. Main shaft is fairly deep & may be inclined at depth.
Some drilling was done on other side of ridge south of workings, but is probably several
years old.

ACTIVITY AT TIME OF EXAMINATION: None.

GEOLOGY: Host rock for the deposit is medium grey, silty limestones of the Cambrian Highland
Peak Fm. At minesite, limestone is thick-bedded to massive. (Refer to diagram & text below
for description of individual shafts.)

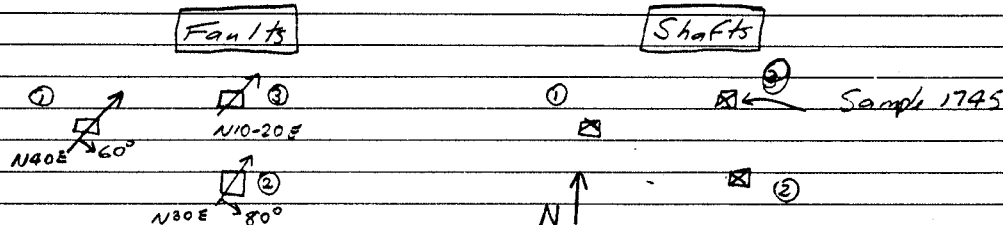
Shaft #1 Exposed within collar of shaft is a two foot wide replacement vein which
parallels the bedding of the host limestone. The vein strikes N40E, dips 60SE. Vein has sharp
contact with enclosing host rock which appears little altered. Vein is completely oxidized
& consists of limonitic & Mn-rich gossan with some calcite & silica veining & vug fillings.
Calcite (possibly some smithsonite) also cements gossan breccia found on the dump. The
gossan is quite dense & may contain Pb or Zn minerals, but no unoxidized minerals were observed.

Shaft #2 Upper shaft explores similar replacement vein which is 5-6' wide & strikes
N30E, 80SE. The vein possibly parallels the bedding or cross-cuts the bedding at a low-angle.
The gossan "vein" is not as pure or high-grade as that observed in #1. Instead it is spotty,
pinches out & contains limestone lenses along fractures parallel to bedding.

Shaft #3 Lowermost shaft is inclined along strike of N10-20E? (exposure not good)
gossan replacement vein which is probably a continuation of vein observed in #2. Adit? (or
incline) located below & intersecting shaft is caved. Dump consists of limestone wasterock
& limonitic, Mn-gossan which in general is lightweight, punky & in part siliceous. Sample
1745 taken from this shaft.

According to UN Bull. cited below, shafts are sunk on a NE-striking fault within
Chisholm shale & on a NW-striking fault between the Highland Peak limestone & Chisholm
shale. Presence of gossan breccias supports a fault-related replacement origin.

REMARKS: Sample 1745.



REFERENCES: Callaghan, 1937, Univ. of NV Bull., v. 31, n.5.

EXAMINER: Bentz/Smith

DATE VISITED: 9/22/83