Kennecott Minerals Company
A Division of Kennecott

Nevada Mines Division

1200 0161

309 ITEM 230

October 15, 1980

McGill, Nevada 89318 702 235-7741

Kennecott

Mr. A. J. Vercruyssen Vice-President Lindeman Bros., Inc. P.O. Box 727 Broderick, CA 85605

Dear Mr. Vercruyssen:

This letter is in response to your inquiry of October 7, 1980 to Mr. Richard Banghart.

We are interested in processing your test-load of Comstock Lode mill tailings. Would you please forward a 10-pound sample for assaying so we may pursue this further.

Send sample to:

James B. Rasmussen Kennecott Minerals Company Nevada Mines Division McGill, Nevada 89318

I will contact you when we have the results of the assays. Due to the workload in our assay lab, we will not have the results for approximately two weeks after receipt of the sample.

Looking forward to hearing from you.

Yours truly,

James B. Rasmussen

Special Projects Manager



CENTURY LABORATORIES, INC.

CHEMISTS • GEOLOGISTS • METALLURGISTS

2340 GOLD RIVER ROAD, SUITE H RANCHO CORDOVA, CALIFORNIA 95670 Phone (916) 635-1849

> Date 10 October 1980 Lab No. T-435

Al Vercruyssen Lindeman Bros., Inc. P.O. Box 727 Broderick, Ca. 95605

2 Samples soil for gold and silver assay and one for amalgamation P.O. # 4593 Subject:

Your Ref:

Based on your samples received 3 October, test results are as follows:

	Sample_	<u>T1</u>	Gold coy Oz/ton		lver Oz/ton
	18		0.052	2	.45
(Mercury	18 Amalgam @	2 2	0.0015 Hours)	N	.A.
	21-4		0.047	1	.62

Mile A. Han NICK A. HAMMADES, Director

NAH/bt

Our reports & letters apply only to sample(s) tested and are not necessarily indicative of other apparently similar materials. Samples not used up in testing & analysis are retained for a maximum of 30 days unless specifically requested by customer otherwise.



Western Testing (Laboratories

1080 Linda Way, No. 3 Sparks, Nevada 89431 Telephone: (702) 331-3600

Report of Analysis

Submitted by: Linderman Brothers P.O. Box 727

Au, Ag

Report on:

Broderic, Sacremento, CA

Attn: A. J. Vercruyssen

Date: September 26, 1980

Laboratory number: 268-2

Analytical method: Fire Assay

Your order number:

Invoice number:

B824

Sample	Au (Oz/Ton)	Ag (Oz/Ton)
#1 #2	0.058	2.94
#3 #4	0.040 0.064	1.38
#5 #6	0.096	2.62 1.71
#7 #8	0.052 0.094	1.33

\$ 37.80 per ton overage using \$600,00 per 02

\$41.40 per ton average using \$20.00 per 02

Charles Gustofson Laboratory Manager

ppm = Parts per million Percent = Parts per hundred 1 oz/ton = 34.286 ppm1.0% = 20 pounds/ton

Oz/ton = Troy ounces per ton of 2000 pounds avoirdupois Fineness = Parts per thousand

1 ppm = 0.0001% 1 ppm = 0.029167 oz/ton Read + as "greater than." Read - as "less than."

B 305075

Western Testing (Laboratories

1080 Linda Way
Sparks, Nevada 89431

REPORT

on

PRELIMINARY CYANIDE LEACH TEST (Laboratory No. 303-7)

to

Linderman Brothers P.O. Box 727 Broderick, California 95605

SUMMARY

(702) 331-3600

A preliminary bottle-agitation leach test was conducted on a composited ore sample containing 0.052 ounce of gold per ton and 2.32 ounces of silver per ton, to determine if the values could be recovered by straight cyanidation treatment. Cyanide leaching was conducted on the material without regrinding. Recovery of 73 percent of the gold and 33 percent of the silver were obtained in a 72-hour treatment with modest cyanide consumption.

ORE SAMPLE PREPARATION

A composite sample was prepared by taking a 50-gram split from eight ore pulps (numbered 5, 12, 15, Slime 18, 26, 27, 33 and 36). The composite was homogenized by rolling on a plastic cloth. Then, a 200-gram charge for the cyanide leach test was split from the composite using a Jones riffle sampler.

It was noted that the tailings contained small pieces of rock up to approximately 1/2 inch in size. These pebbles were screened out prior to putting the pulp into the bottle. The pulp was not reground for the test.

Ore Testing
Fire Assaying
Atomic Absorption Analyses
Geological Consulting

Report Preliminary Cyanide Leach Test (Laboratory No. 303-7) November 3, 1980--Page 2

ASSAY OF ORE COMPOSITE

The gold and silver contents of the composited ore sample were determined by conventional fire-assay method. The assay results were:

Gold 0.048 Troy Ounce per Ton of Ore Silver 2.36 Troy Ounce per Ton of Ore

CYANIDATION OF MINUS 80-MESH ORE

Laboratory-scale agitation leach test was made to obtain preliminary information regarding gold and silver extraction, by straight cyanidation, and reagent consumptions. The 200-gram portion of the composite was pulped with 600 ml water. Enough lime was added to the pulp to provide alkalinity. Then, cyanide was added to the bottle charge to produce a solution containing 2.0 pounds of sodium cyanide per ton. Cyanidation was conducted by bottle agitation on the rolls for a period of 72-hours.

Upon completion of the leaching period, the pulp was filtered, and the tailings were thoroughly washed. The cyanide leach solutions and the tailings were analyzed for gold and silver. Reagents consumed during treatment were 2.5 pounds of CaO and 1.25 pounds of NaCN per ton of ore. Results of this leach test are summarized in Table 1.

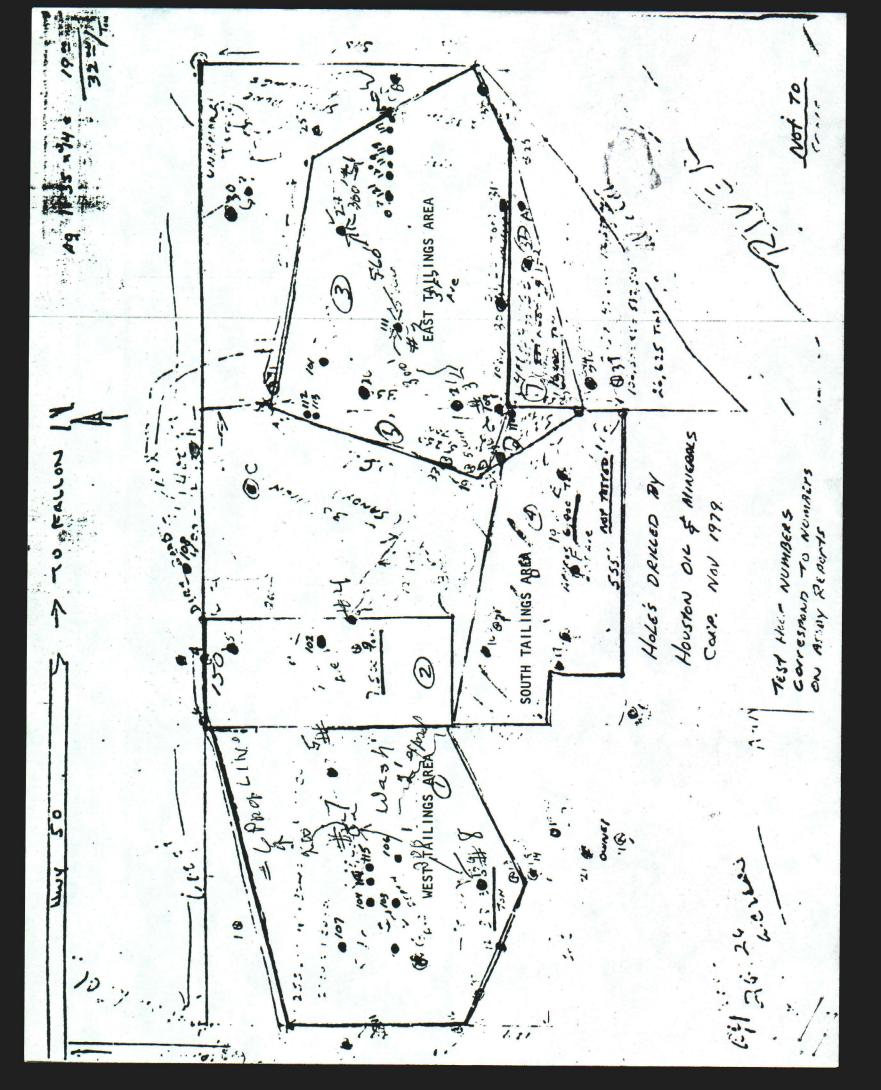
TABLE 1

GOLD-SILVER RECOVERY BY CYANIDATION

Results	Gold	Silver
Extraction Percent of Total Based on Solution and Tailings Assay	73	33
Extraction Expressed as Ounce Per Ton of Ore Feed	0.038	0.78
Assay of Leached Residue Ounce per Ton of Ore	0.014	1.54
Calculated Heads Ounce per Ton of Ore	0.052	2.32

veniort Proliminary Cyanide Leach Tests (inhoratory No. 008-3) February 1, 1980--Page 4 Results of this test show that three-fourths of the silver can be extracted by straight cyanidation of minus 80 mesh feed leached for 72 hours. Longer leaching period would undoubtedly recover additional silver, because the extraction had not ceased when the experiment was terminated. Ultimate recovery of 80 percent of the total silver appears feasible. The amount of gold recovered was minimal on the order of 0.002 ounce per ton of ore. CONCLUSIONS Canidation treatment of finely ground ore should recover about 80 percent of the total silver, with modest consumption of sodium cyanide. The silver assay obtained for the composite is out of line with those obtained for he individual samples that made up the composite. A spotty sample or spotty mineralization is indicated. Projects Manager 111/11/2 (ONCLUSIONS The test shows a good extraction of the gold Velues but the silver extrection is disoppointing. Regent usese was not prohibitive. Silver recovery May be morrored by regrinding the meterial or by grinding to e finer meshing RECOMMENDATIONS The silver recovery may be improved by other techniques such as firer grinding, flotetion or by a pretientment such a with Collin hypochlarite. - The coarse rocks in the trilings were essayed to defermine Their effect on assay. They assayed 0.076 oz/Ton gold and 2.98 02 from silver which is higher than the essy of Western Testing Claboratories The tellings. 1080 Linda Way Sparks, Nevada 89431 (702) 331-3600

Larry Buchanan



Samples taken 2- Cut-1980 74 22-5 # 25-1, #37-11 41 21-4/4 # 26 1, #37-31 TIP 20-5-1 # 28-41, #37-31/4 #195-1 # 29-41, #37-31/4 #30-5, #381' Mudclay betom (18) stimes # Top 41 sand #17-51 hopen 1110/ + #10-21 # 16-41 |# 11-3/4 | #3 Highwo. # 50 to Fallon stal Towneye 125,000 + Desays Dall 3' 0#1-11 #6-12, #3-2" #7-5"

Doyds - concet mijer. Standard Recours 882-3727 IIIIIIIIIII Sampling plan mel set

HUGHES

Mining Inc.
Gold Mine Development

Gold-silver extraction using Chiddey-Magenau method from a sodium cyanide solvent.

P. O. BOX 333 COVINA, CA. 91722

Gold and silver only. Tests run in the Hughes Mining lab. Solution 0.25% NaCN 0.25% Ca(OH), @ 21 deg.C.

Run time 24 Hrs

Agitation, air mix, continuous.

Test #1

Tailings sample supplied by Mr Hughes on 7-15-79.

ASSAY # DATE GRAMS dore - GRAMS parted OZ/T Ag, Au Lbs run

2394 7-17-79 0.019 0.0008 1.47 0.06 40

The test sample consisted of 1000 ml of solution taken from 48,000 ml (40 lbs total sample)

Test #2
Tailings sample supplied by Mr Hughes on 7-16-79.

ASSAY # DATE GRAMS dore GRAMS parted OZ/T Ag, Au Lbs run 2401 7-22 0.04 0.0008 2.10 0.087 10

The test sample consisted of 2000 ml of solution taken from 16,000 ml (10 lbs total sample)

Test #3
Tailings supplied by Mr Hughes on 7-17-79.

ASSAY # DATE GRAMS dore GRAMS parted OZ/T Ag, Au Lbs run 2411 7-22 0.0435 0.0010 1.59 0.037 40

The test sample consisted of 2,100 ml of solution taken from 48,000 ml (40 lbs total sample)

Saylo 90 865

1.59 0.037 Then this out to his

Total # value per ton, 151,68

Golde bar, or p 02

G. Holf

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

303-623-2842

2244 BROADWAY

March 19, 1980 DENVER, COLO. 80201_

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY

Mr. Robert M. Hughes, Hughes Industries, Inc., P. O. Box #723 Alta Loma, Calif

SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

SAMPLE NO. Comstock Lode Tailings Pile

PERCENTAGES ARE APPROXIMATE

Antimony	
Arsenic	trace
Aluminum	3.%
Boron	
Barium	.03
Beryllium	
Diamuth	
Calcium	•7
Columbium	
Cadmium	
Cobalt	005
Chromium	.005
Cesium	05
Copper	.05
Gallium	
Germanium	
Hafnium	
Indium	2 /
Iron	34.
Lead	.0305
Lithium	trace
Magnesium	.45
Manganese	.0305
Mercury-	+ W 2 C A
Molybdenum_	

ENTAGES	07.7
Nickel	.01%
Potassium	.5
Radium	
Rubidium	
Rhenium	
Scandium	16-1
Silicon	Major
Strontium	.00501
Sodium	
Tantalum	
Thallium	
Thorium	003
Tin	
Titanium	
Uranium	005
Vanadium	.005
Zinc	.12
Zirconium	trace
Cerium	
Dysprosium_	
Erbium	
Europium	
Gadolinium_	

Holmium
Lanthanum
Lutecium
Neodymium
Praseodymium
Samarium
Terbium
Thulium
Yttrium
Ytterbium
Platinum
Palladium
Iridium
Osmium
Rhodium
Ruthenium
Gold 0.08 ounce per ton. Silver 2.30 ounce per ton. Platinum - none detected. Mercury 0.015%
Tungsten - none (under 0.01%)
Uranium 0.003%
Silica 87.64%
Rare Earths - none.

REMARKS:

The Gold and Silver contents are of interest.

No other metals are present in sufficient quantity to be of significant commercial value.

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

2244 BROADWAY

DENVER, COLORADO 80201 August 23, 1979

REPORT ON DETERMINATIONS MADE FOR -

Mr. Bob Hughes

Hughes Industries, Inc.,

Alta Loma, California 91701

SAMPLE MARKS	METALS	Amount per Ton Ozs. Hds.	PER CENT	Value per Ton Dollars Cents	
CARSON ASSAYS Far West Boundary #1	Gold Silver	0.08 2.45		\$24.00 22.05	
Far West Boundary #2	Gold Silver	0 075 2 45		22,50 22,05	
Far West End #3	Gold Silver	0 085 2 60		25 50 23 40	-
FAT West End #4 3 ft.	Gold Silver	0.07 2.40		21.00 21.60	
West Section of Area, 2 ft. Avg	Gold Silver	0.065 3.45		19.50 31.05	
West Section of Area, 2 ft. Avg Deer Soil	Silver	0.045		13.50 18.00	
tgold \$42,00 2\$86.05 tgold \$46.05) tgilver \$46.05) #18.00	Total 642 02 gold 642 02 Total 15.3500 Silver		*		
					The same of the sa
			Manager of Professor (1) and the service of		Strangeror Stranger
			•		

LEA \$300. PER OUNCE

SILVER AT. \$9 PER OUNCE
COPPER AT PER UNIT

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

By Ed Phillips

Candy:

1) Values of 70+/100 (with coco@600 of Silver@18)

warrant hawling failings to smelter in Danky.

This assumes 1) values are 70+ (wore testing)

2) Royalty is

3) swelting fee is

4) have nate is 40

2) make a deal with HOI to use their smelter which is only 10-15 miles away, until their production problem is resolved. When is that likely to be? We need some guarantee from 140I.

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

2244 BROADWAY

DENVER, COLORADO 80201 December 24, 1979

REPORT on DETERMINATIONS MADE FOR-Test holes by Houston Oil

HUGHES INDUSTRIES, Inc. P. U. BOX #723

Alta Loma, California

91701

SAMPLE MARES	METALS	Amount per Ton Ozs. Hds.	PER CENT	Value per Ton Dollars Cents	
#32 3 ft. deep	Gold Silver	0.035 2.15			
#34 5 ft. deep win	Gold Silver	0.04 2.25			
#35 5 ft. Min	Gold Silver	0.035 1.95			
#30 5' deep	Gold Silver	0.045			
#38 4' Nin	Gold Silver	0.06 3.85			
A 3 ft. deep	Gold Silver	1.70			
B l ft.	Gold Silver	1.50			
C Sand Hill 3 ft. dec	Gold Silver	0.025 0.85			
E 8 ft. deep F l ft. deep	Gold Silver	0.02 1.85			
	Gold Silver	0.035			
G. 30" deep + gold \$ 23.12/ton	Gold Silver Total .425 02	0.045			
+ Total \$58.03 Wary Goo, no 9#18,00	Total 21.302 5: Ner	11			
Wey 600,00 9 18,00					

GOLD	AT	PER	OUNCE
LEAD	AT	PER	UNIT

SILVER AT_ PER OUNCE COPPER AT__ _PER UNIT

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

By Ed Phillips

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

2244 BROADWAY

DENVER, COLORADO 80201 July 13

July 13, 1979

REPORT on determinations made for—	Hughes Industri	f 91701	AGOID & A Silvers		70.50
SAMPLE MARKS	METALS	Amount per Ton Ozs. Hds.	PER CENT	Value per Ton Dollars Cents	
Test hole #less #1-A 3 ft.	Gold Silver	0.055		\$13.75 22.40	
115 Hess #1-B 3. ft.	Gold Silver	0.06 3.10		15.00 24.60	
116 Carson #1-E 2 ft.	Gold Silver	0.035 1.60		8.75 12.80	
117 Carson #2-E 3 ft.	Gold Silver	0.04 4.50		10.00 36.00	
#8 Carsen #3-E 3 ft.	Gold Silver	0.06		15.00 12.00	oden.
119 Corson #4-E 3 ft.	Gold Silver	· 0.03		7.50 15.20	u
/20 Carson #5-E 3 ft.	Gold Silver	1.90		11.25 15.20	
12/ Carson #6-E 3 ft.	Gold Silver	0.045		11.25 13.60	
. (353)	total 20 0.86 total silver 19	02		555.75	21
22 (55575 My	average too	and and	-22		L
These figures Craftle 1	AU	anage	\$ 250	2/101	, est

GOLD AT \$250. PER OUNCE

SILVER AT \$8. PER OUNCE

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

By Ed Phillips

EDMUND E. PHILLIPS, Vice-Pres .- Gen. Mgr.

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

303-623-2842

2244 BROADWAY

DENVER, COLORADO 80201

Oct. 26, 1979

REPORT ON DETERMENATIONS MADE FOR -

Hughes Industries, Inc.,

Alta Lona, Calif.

91701

SAMPLE MARKS	MITALS	Amount per Ion In Has	PER CENT	Value per T Dollars	Cents
			301d .14 31 ver 6.1	02 0Z	
Carson - West Pile	Gold Silver	0.05		30 37	00 50
Carson - East File	Gold Silver	0.09 3.60		36. 54.	∞ ∞
	1	THE COLORAL	OO ASSAYING	COMPAN	

& Gold \$42.00 } 96.90 = & Silver \$54.90 S Using \$600,00 \$18.00 EDMUND E. PHILLIPS, VICE-PRES,-GEN, MGR.

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

(INCORPORATED)

ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

2244 BROADWAY

DENVER, COLORADO 80201

August 23, 1979

REPORT ON DETERMINATIONS MADE FOR -

Mr. Bob Hughes

Hughes Industries, Inc.

Alta Loma, California 91701

SAMPLE MARKS	METALS	Amount per Ton Ozs. Hds.	PER CENT	Value per Ton Dollars Cents	
CARSON ASSAIS Surface	Gold Silver	0.04 1.45	-gold 1/14.71 15/1/14/7	\$12.00 13.05	
Road Sample 2 Ft.	Gold Silver	0.015 0.65		4.50 5.85	
Sample A (no tag)	Gold Silver	0.04		12.00 17.55	
Sample B (no tag)	Gold Silver	0.04 2.55		12.00 22.95	
Sample C (no tag)	Gold Silver	0.065 2.25		19.50 20.25	
Random (no tag)	Gold Silver	0 05		15.00 11.70	
North Section, $2\frac{1}{2}$ Avg. Depth	Gold Silver	0.04 1.50		12.00 13.50	
North Section, 2½' Avg. Dep Below Pile, Deep Soil	Gold Silver	0 015 0 40		4.50 3.60	
Center 3 ft (Lt. Brown)	Gold Silver	0.04		12.00	
Center 3 ft. (Med. Brown)	Gold Silver	0.04 1.50		,12.00 13.50	
Center 4 ft.	Gold Silver	0.035 1.75		10.50 15.75	
Upper Leaching Vat	Gold Silver	0.015 0.60		4 50 5 40	
Bottom of Leaching Vat	Gold Silver	0.01 0.60		3.00 5.40	
5 Feet - Deep Soil	Gold Silver	0.015		4.50 6.75	
usung 600.00 \$ 18.00	Total gold .46 Total silver 19	25 OZ		NG COMPANY	

GOLD AT \$300. PER OUNCE PER UNIT LEAD AT_

\$9. PER OUNCE SILVER AT__ COPPER AT_

THE COLORADO ASSAYING COMPANY

By Ed Phillips

Sample Serial 23594-23617 Hand

ASSAY REFORT UNION ASSAY OFFICE, Inc.

BRYANT L. LARSEN, President G. P. WILLIAMS, Vice President JAMES G. STRATTON, Secretary A. S. JOLLIFFE, Treasurer P. O. Box 1528 Salt Lake City, Utah 84110 (801) 363-3302

Mine Personal Investment Co of California PO Box 986

RESULTS PER TON OF 2000 POUNDS

RESULTS PER TON OF 2000 POUNDS				Aug 23, 1979		(801) 363-3302					
NUMBER	GOLD	SILVER Ozs. per Ton	LEAD Per Cent	COPPER Per Cent	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	SULPHUR Per Cent	IRON Per Cent	LIME Per Cent	Per Cent	Per C
	Ozs. per ton	OR. per jon	rer cent	701 0011	Au Ozs pe	Ag	AGOID.	>\$27/	ton		
Surface					0.030	1.3	Asilver-	737.3	5/701		
Road Sample 2'					0.020	0.9	1 total-		/		0.0
Upper Leaching Va	t				0.010	0.6	using	600	518	•	
Bottom of Leaching	g Tank	4.			0.010	II .	army				
West Section of	rea 2'	gvg			0.060	3.7					
West Section of	Area 2'	avg Deep	Soil		0.040	1.8					-
No Sec 21/2 Avg de	th				0.040	1.9					
No Sec 2½ avg be	low Pile	deep So	1		0.010	0.9					
West End #4 3'			3,48		0.080	2.4					
Far West Bondary	1				0.080						
Far West Bondary	2				0.070	2.5				1 8 T	
Far West End #3					0.070	2.5					
5' Deep Soil	3.				0.030	1.1	£ 2				
18					0.050						
2S					0.050	2.7					
? E Pile	-				0.020						
No Tag Random					0.030	1.8					
Untagged Sampl	e A		14.4		0.030				-		
Untagged Sample	18				0.050	2.8					
Untagged Sample					0.060	2.6					
Center 3'	While Nother His	Sec. 20.76.	**************************************		0.050		10				
Center 3' Ctr 3	3"				0.050				DAN DANCE OF A		
Center 4'					0.05						
No number ?	are Dynamic Apple Ann State of Texts. In		-	-	1.08	-				New Y 1 90 Y 1 9 1	



fingle (Scie Lieberge) Western Testing () Laboratories

1080 Linda Way, No. 3 Sparks, Nevada 89431 Telephone: (702) 331-3600

Report of Analysis

Submitted by:

Occidental Minerals Corp

777 S. Wadsworth #4

Lakewood, Colorado 80226

Attn: N. Muncaster

C. Danielson

June 4, 1980 Date:

Laboratory number:

149-2

Analytical method:

Fire Assay/A.A.

Your order number:

Report on:

Au, Ag

Invoice number:

B475

		Au (Oz/Ton) F.A.	Au (Oz/Ton) A.A.	Ag (Oz/Ton) F.A.	$\frac{\text{Ag }(0z/\text{Ton})}{\text{A.A.}}$
	11401 11402	0.052 0.054	0.056 0.056	3.39	3.96 2.57
	11403 11404	0.064 0.044	0.058 0.045	4.16 1.64	3.97 1.54
	11405 11406	0.068 0.048	0.053 0.041	3.04 1.32	2.75
			.309 oz		15,8 6Z
	tq	old \$30,90 }	178.30		
	+5	Nev D		7000	Y
	4 .	\$15,00	Sta	lesta	
U	sey loo, no		Charles G Lab Manag	er er	

ppm = Parts per million Percent = Parts per hundred 1 oz/ton = 34.286 ppm1.0% = 20 pounds/ton

Oz/ton = Troy ounces per ton of 2000 pounds avoirdupois Fineness = Parts per thousand

1 ppm = 0.0001% 1 ppm = 0.029167 oz/ton Read + as "greater than." Read - as "less than." Conversation with Joe Sebo:

I called him. re "proposal".

Hughes wants cash up front. He is worried about our lack of experience. Wants to know how when and where we plan to process material. Doesn't like the idea of being paid a % of the royalty based on yield per ton. Figures there is a chance of getting screwed if tonnage figures are inaccurate. He prefers a straight % deal.

Problem with straight % deal is that there is no sliding scale. We get no break if material is less rich than anticipated. He gets no bonus if material is richer than expected. I told Joe this should not become a stumbling block. We would be willing to proceed on the basis of splitting the results, without regard to the tonnage moved.

Hughes is talking about \$250,000 cash up front. We pay him, then we collect the first \$250,000 in royalty. Once we get our "stake" back, the results will be split by %. Note: Under such an arrangement, there is a vast difference between the first \$250,000 in revenue, and the return of our up-front money. It could take \$750,000 in revenue, to generate a "profit" of \$250,000. We would have to calculate our costs and determine how many \$ of revenue would be required to get us even.

Sebo says Hughes wants to know our schedule. How fast would we get into operation? I told him we are in the process of figuring out the best way to treat the material. If Cyanide leaching is best, the time element is unpredictable. Permits have to obtained. The site has to be prepared. People have to be hired. Equipment has to be purchased and installed. This could easily take all winter. On the other hand, if we haul the material to a smelter we could start right away, provided we find a smelter. With a smelter there is no fuss and muss and this is our preferred way.

But we can't do much without an agreement with Hughes. We have no credibility with smelter people, or anyone else. We are spending money and wasting time on a pipe-dream, at this moment.

Sebo likes the smelter idea. The cyanide process can result in substantial waste if not handled properly. Hughes would need to be involved, making sure he wasn't getting ripped off and making sure there was no waste.

I told Sebo we want to make a deal. We are not interested in tying up the property. We want to get going. Moreover, we are willing to work on a much closer margin than other mining companies, especially if we haul to a smelter. As long as we pay for the trucking and the royalty, the rest is gravy. We'd be happy with \$10 per ton, which is much less than, say, Oxy Minerals, with whom Sebo and Hughes are meeting today or tomorrow.

Sebo will call Friday morning.

P.S. Sebo and Hughes did not understand our proposal completely. They thought the royalty came after expenses, which would not be good for Hughes. I explained that was not our intention. Hughes would get his royalty regardless of our results.

PPS. Sebo says he doesn't get paid until the deal closes. He's been chasing rainbows for a year and has about had it.

Hearing Weunesday on mine dump plan

VIRGINIA CITY — The Storey County Planning Commission has scheduled a hearing for 7:30 p.m. Wednesday on an application by Houston International Minerals Corp. for a special use permit to process 300,000 tons of mine dumps north of Silver City.

The operation would involve 88 trips a day by 20-ton trucks on a short portion of State Route 342. The ore trucks would take dirt roads from the main highway to the company's modern mill at American Flats, the application says. It says the project should last about eight months.

The dumps are from the old Lucerne open pit mine east of the highway. Houston officials say they contain low-grade ore which early-day mining was unable to process.

They are south and downhill from Greiner's Bend in Gold Hill, where Houston ran into controversy with its Con Imperial open pit silver mine. Storey County commissioners finally gave the company permission to move State Route 342 to enlarge the mine at Greiner's Bend in return for the company's pledge of \$1 million for a foundation to benefit the county.

Houston International also plans a smaller open pit mine south of Silver City. That operation will require the approval of commissioners in neighboring Lyon County.

Company officials could not be reached for comment Friday.

Land opens to mineral use

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Interior Secretary Cecil Andrus has reopened 16.6 million acres of public land in nine western states to mineral leasing and multiple use

The order affects 123,000 acres in Nevada.

"This order will clear public land records of mineral withdrawal orders that have long since become outdated and now serve no useful purpose," Andrus said in a statement issued Thursday.

"The action opens most of the lands to the operation of the mineral and geothermal leasing laws to make them available for development of critically needed minerals such as potash and phosphate," he said

--dar Your

50