**MILESTONES**

**October 1984** — The first million was poured.

**September 1984** — Sprinkling of cyanide solution onto the heap leach commenced. Ore development commenced.

**June 1984 — Construction of the gold recovery plant and Lachena Gold deposit. Initial feasibility studies were commenced.**

**April 1984 — Final feasibility studies were positive.**

**October 1982 — Lachena Gold deposit.**

**1981-1982** — David conducted an option on Falcão and discovered gold on the Falcão ground.

**1979 — Falcão and associates located claims on approximately 2,000 acres over the Long Range Diumiled.**

**1978 — Falcão and associates located claims on Paloma.**

**SUMMARY**

Appoximately 24,000 ounces of gold annually.

- **Production** sufficient for at least 6 years, with possibilities for additional 4 years at the mine and additional employment.

- **Capital cost** of $6.000'000, $1.600'000 is available as working capital.

- **Construction schedule**; 4 days production: only 4 months construction.

- **On schedule**; under budget; 23 months from acquisition to start production.
Mine Description

The Mine consists of the "Gold" and "Silver" deposits, located in the Hulu Goldfield, in the western part of the Tulameen Mining District, British Columbia.

**Geology**

The deposits are hosted in a sequence of volcanic and sedimentary rocks of the Lower Cretaceous age. The "Gold" deposit is hosted in a sequence of volcanic rocks, while the "Silver" deposit is hosted in a sequence of sedimentary rocks.

**Mineralization**

The "Gold" deposit is characterized by disseminated and vein-type gold mineralization. The "Silver" deposit is characterized by vein-type silver mineralization.

**Mining Methods**

Mining is carried out using conventional open pit methods. The "Gold" deposit is mined using a combination of open pit and underground methods. The "Silver" deposit is mined using open pit methods only.

**Reserves**

The "Gold" deposit has estimated reserves of 1.2 million ounces of gold, with a grade of 0.5 ounces of gold per ton. The "Silver" deposit has estimated reserves of 35 million ounces of silver, with a grade of 0.02 ounces of silver per ton.

**Location**

The "Gold" deposit is located approximately 20 miles east of the town of Tulameen. The "Silver" deposit is located approximately 10 miles north of Tulameen.
RELIEF CANYON OWNERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

County and the State of Nevada.

Contribution is being made to the base of production.

Create additional jobs in the service industries

Build a creative, diverse, and the economic growth will

Relief Canyon is making a significant contribution to the

LOCAL BENEFITS

Cyanide is sent to the bottom pond. And back to the heap.

Cyanide is concentrated in the cyanide heap.

70% will be separated in two 20-day pregnant cakes. After

70% will be separated in two 20-day pregnant cakes. After

The cyanide is used to recover gold.

Approximately 20% will be separated into a series of

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Upon further processing, the cyanide gold is recovered.

The cyanide gold is recovered.

Relief Canyon Plant

GOLD RECOVERY PLANT

Canyon and Bingham, Mexico

Canyon and Bingham, Mexico.

For many years, from the Joint Venture Operations at

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